

SIGE BICMOS INTEGRATED CIRCUIT µPD5740T6N

LOW NOISE WIDEBAND AMPLIFIER IC WITH THROUGH FUNCTION

DESCRIPTION

The μ PD5740T6N is a low noise wideband amplifier IC mainly designed for the portable digital TV application. This IC has achieved low noise figure and the wideband operation. The μ PD5740T6N has an LNA pass-through function (bypass function) to prevent the degradation of the received signal quality at the strong electric field, and achieve the high reception sensitivity and low power consumption.

The package is a 6-pin plastic TSON (<u>Thin Small Out-line Non-leaded</u>) (T6N) suitable for surface mount. This IC is manufactured using our latest SiGe BiCMOS process that shows superior high frequency characteristics.

FEATURES

•	Low voltage operation	: Vcc = 2.3 to 3.3 V (2.8 V TYP.)
•	Low mode control voltage	: V _{cont (H)} = 1.0 V to V _{cc} , V _{cont (L)} = 0 to 0.5 V
•	Low current consumption	: Icc1 = 5.0 mA TYP. @ Vcc = 2.8 V (LNA-mode)
		: Icc2 = 1 μ A MAX. @ Vcc = 2.8 V (Bypass-mode)
•	Low noise (LNA-mode)	: NF1 = 1.5 dB TYP. @ Vcc = 2.8 V, f = 470 MHz
		: NF2 = 1.5 dB TYP. @ Vcc = 2.8 V, f = 770 MHz
•	High gain (LNA-mode)	: GP1 = 15.0 dB TYP. @ Vcc = 2.8 V, f = 470 MHz
		: G _P 2 = 13.5 dB TYP. @ Vcc = 2.8 V, f = 770 MHz
•	Low insertion loss (Bypass-mode)	: Lins1 = 1.1 dB TYP. @ Vcc = 2.8 V, f = 470 MHz
		: Lins2 = 1.3 dB TYP. @ Vcc = 2.8 V, f = 770 MHz
•	High-density surface mounting	: 6-pin plastic TSON (T6N) package (1.5 \times 1.5 \times 0.37 mm)

Included protection circuits for ESD

APPLICATION

• Low noise amplifier for the portable and mobile digital TV system, etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION

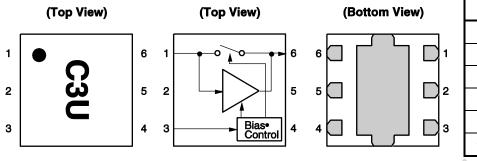
Part Number	Order Number	Package	Marking	Supplying Form
μPD5740T6N-E2	μΡD5740T6N-E2-A	6-pin plastic TSON (T6N) (Pb-Free)	C3U	8 mm wide embossed tapingPin 1, 6 face the perforation side of the tapeQty 3 kpcs/reel

Remark To order evaluation samples, please contact your nearby sales office. Part number for sample order: μ PD5740T6N-A

Caution: Observe precautions when handling because these devices are sensitive to electrostatic discharge

The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Before using this document, please confirm that this is the latest version.

PIN CONNECTIONS AND INTERNAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



Pin No.	Pin Name
1	INPUT
2	GND
3	Vcont
4	Vcc
5	NC
6	OUTPUT

Remark Exposed pad : GND

TRUTH TABLE

Vcont	Gain	Mode
н	High	LNA-mode
L	Low	Bypass-mode

Remark "H" = Vcont (H), "L" = Vcont (L)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	TA = +25°C	3.6	V
Mode Control Voltage	Vcont	TA = +25°C	3.6	V
Total Power Dissipation	Ptot		150	mW
Operating Ambient Temperature	Та		-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg		–55 to +150	°C
Input Power	Pin		+33	dBm

RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	2.3	2.8	3.3	V
Mode Control Voltage (H)	Vcont (H)	1.0	-	Vcc	V
Mode Control Voltage (L)	Vcont (L)	0	-	0.5	V
Operating Frequency	f	50	-	1 800	MHz
Operating Ambient Temperature	TA	-40	+25	+85	°C
Input Power (LNA-mode)	Pin	-	-	+7	dBm
Input Power (Bypass-mode)	Pin	-	-	+15	dBm

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 1 (DC Characteristics) (TA = $+25^{\circ}$ C, Vcc = 2.8 V, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Circuit Current 1	lcc1	V _{cont} = 2.8 V, No Signal (LNA-mode)	3.8	5.0	6.5	mA
Circuit Current 2	lcc2	V _{cont} = 0 V, No Signal (Bypass-mode)	-	-	1	μA
Mode Control Current 1	Icont1	V _{cont} = 2.8 V, No Signal (LNA-mode)	-	40	100	μA
Mode Control Current 2	Icont2	V _{cont} = 0 V, No Signal (Bypass-mode)	-	-	1	μA

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 2 (LNA-mode) (TA = +25°C, Vcc = V_{cont} = 2.8 V, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Power Gain 1	G⊵1	f = 470 MHz, Pin = -30 dBm	13.0	15.0	17.0	dB
Power Gain 2	G₽2	f = 770 MHz, Pin = -30 dBm	11.5	13.5	15.5	dB
Noise Figure 1	NF1	f = 470 MHz, excluded PCB and connector losses Note		1.5	2.0	dB
Noise Figure 2	NF2	f = 770 MHz, excluded PCB and connector losses Note	-	1.5	2.0	dB
Input Return Loss 1	RLin1	f = 470 MHz, Pin = -30 dBm	7	12	-	dB
Input Return Loss 2	RLin2	f = 770 MHz, Pin = -30 dBm	7	10	_	dB
Output Return Loss 1	RLout1	f = 470 MHz, Pin = -30 dBm	7	14	-	dB
Output Return Loss 2	RLout1	f = 770 MHz, Pin = -30 dBm	7	11	-	dB
Input 3rd Order Intercept Point 1	IIP31	f1 = 470 MHz, f2 = 471 MHz, P _{in} = -30 dBm	-4.0	-1.0	-	dBm
Input 3rd Order Intercept Point 2	IIP32	f1 = 770 MHz, f2 = 771 MHz, Pin = -30 dBm	-1.0	+2.0	-	dBm

Note Input PCB and connector losses: 0.05 dB (at 470 MHz), 0.08 dB (at 770 MHz)

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 3 (Bypass-mode) ($T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CC} = 2.8$ V, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Insertion Loss 1	Lins1	$f = 470 \text{ MHz}, P_{in} = -10 \text{ dBm}, \text{ excluded}$ PCB and connector losses Note	-	1.1	2	dB
Insertion Loss 2	Lins2	$f = 770 \text{ MHz}$, $P_{in} = -10 \text{ dBm}$, excluded PCB and connector losses Note	-	1.3	2	dB
Input Return Loss 1	RLin1	$f = 470 \text{ MHz}, P_{in} = -10 \text{ dBm}$	10	20	—	dB
Input Return Loss 2	RLin2	f = 770 MHz, Pin = -10 dBm	10	17	-	dB
Output Return Loss 1	RL _{out} 1	f = 470 MHz, P _{in} = -10 dBm	10	20	- 7	dB
Output Return Loss 2	RLout1	f = 770 MHz, Pin = -10 dBm	10	17	-	dB
Input 3rd Order Intercept Point	IIP3	f1 = 770 MHz, f2 = 771 MHz, P _{in} = -2.5 dBm	+20	+30	-	dBm

Note Input-output PCB and connector losses: 0.10 dB (at 470 MHz), 0.16 dB (at 770 MHz)

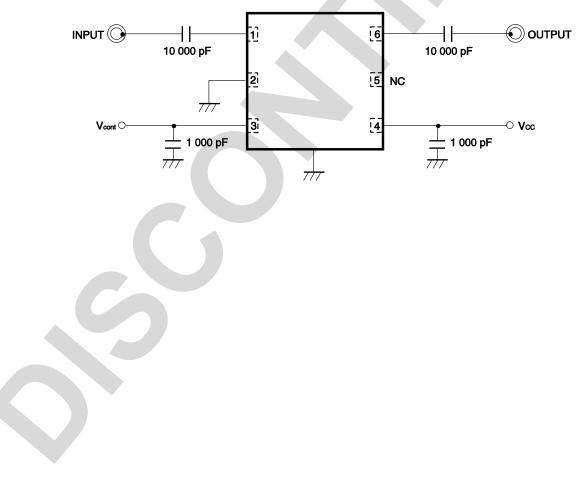
STANDARD CHARACTERISTICS FOR REFERENCE 1 (LNA-mode) (T_A = +25°C, V_{CC} = V_{cont} = 2.8 V, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Reference	Unit
Isolation 1	ISL1	f = 470 MHz, Pin = -30 dBm	20	dB
Isolation 2	ISL2	f = 770 MHz, P _{in} = -30 dBm	20	dB
Gain 1 dB Compression Output Power 1	Po (1 dB) 1	f = 470 MHz	-5.5	dBm
Gain 1 dB Compression Output Power 2	Po (1 dB) 2	f = 770 MHz	-5.0	dBm

STANDARD CHARACTERISTICS FOR REFERENCE 2 (Bypass-mode) (TA = +25°C, Vcc = 2.8 V, Vcont = 0 V, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Reference	Unit
Gain 1 dB Compression Output Power	Po (1 dB)	f = 770 MHz	+8	dBm

TEST CIRCUIT



Vcc = Vcont

75

Vcc = Vcon

100

з

RF = off

75

Vcc = 2.8 V RF = off

100

RF = off

50

2.3 V

50

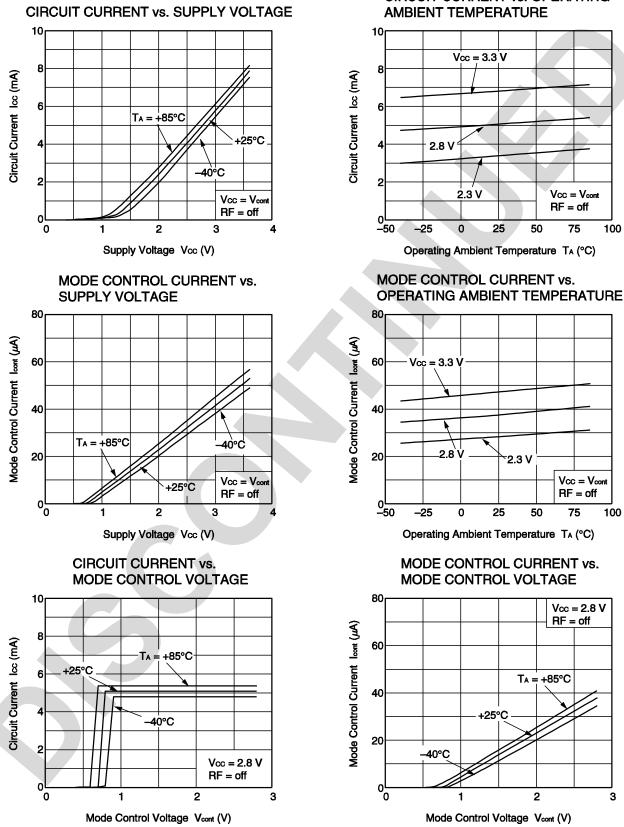
TA = +85°C

2

25

+25°C

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 1 (DC Characteristics) (T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified)

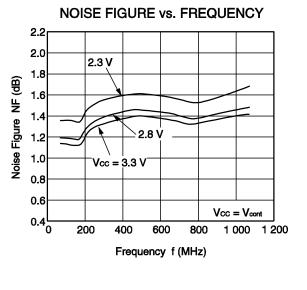


CIRCUIT CURRENT vs. OPERATING AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

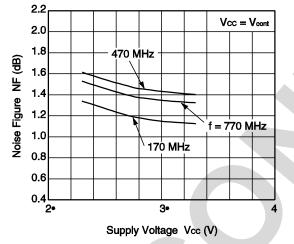
25

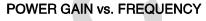
Remark The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

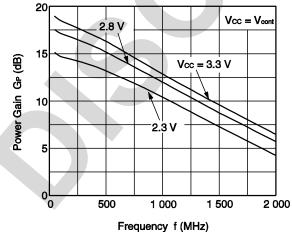
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 2 (LNA-mode) (T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified)



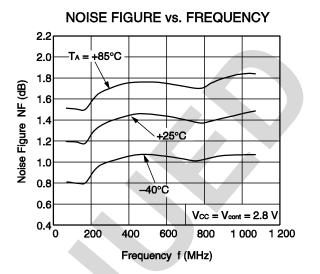
NOISE FIGURE vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE



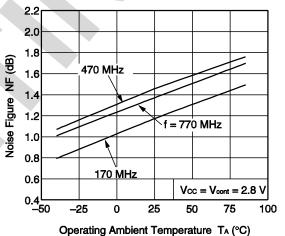




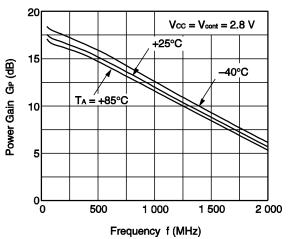
Remark The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

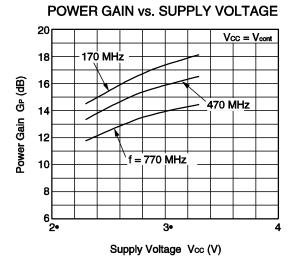


NOISE FIGURE vs. OPERATING AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

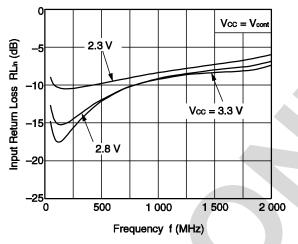


POWER GAIN vs. FREQUENCY

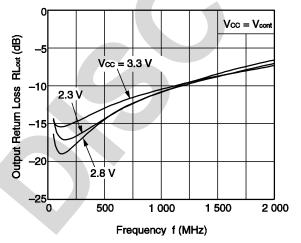




INPUT RETURN LOSS vs. FREQUENCY

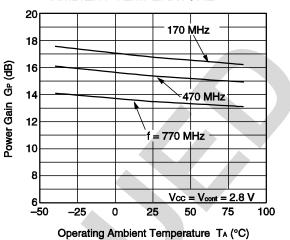


OUTPUT RETURN LOSS vs. FREQUENCY

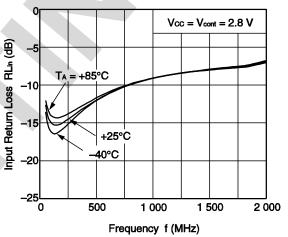


Remark The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

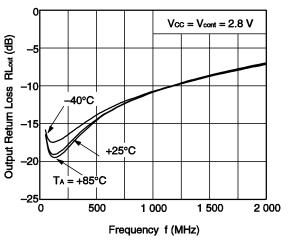
POWER GAIN vs. OPERATING AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

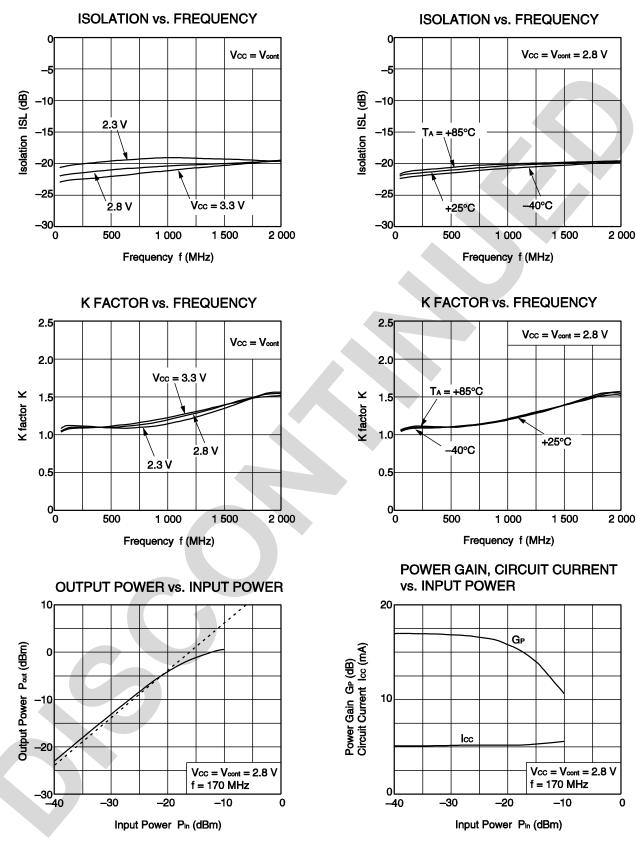


INPUT RETURN LOSS vs. FREQUENCY

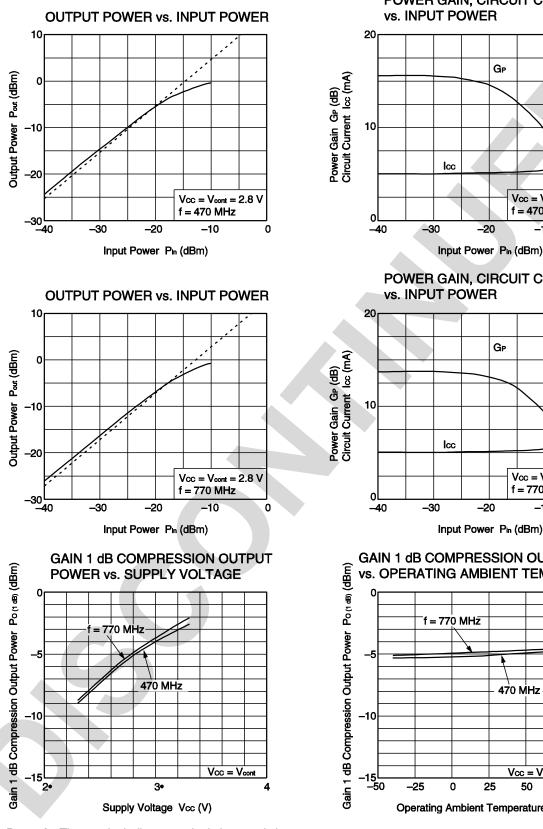


OUTPUT RETURN LOSS vs. FREQUENCY





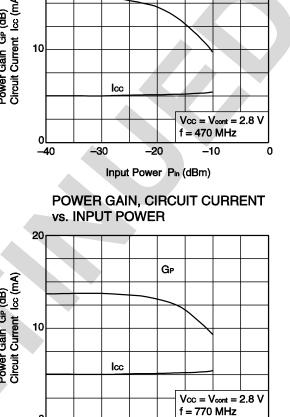
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POWER GAIN, CIRCUIT CURRENT vs. INPUT POWER

Gp

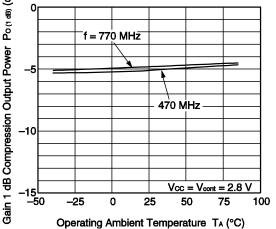


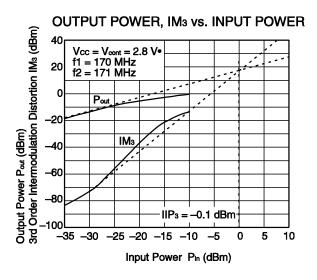
GAIN 1 dB COMPRESSION OUTPUT POWER vs. OPERATING AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

-20

-10

0





OUTPUT POWER, IM3 vs. INPUT POWER

Output Power Pout (dBm) 3rd Order Intermodulation Distortion IMs (dBm)

40

20

0

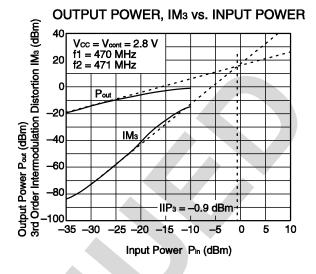
-20

-40

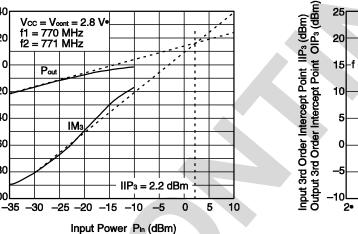
-60

-80

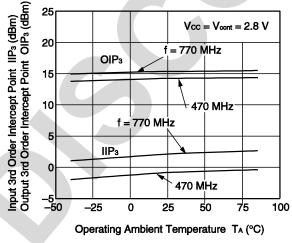
100



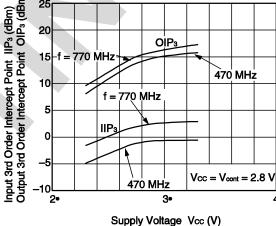
IIP3, OIP3 vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE

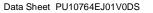






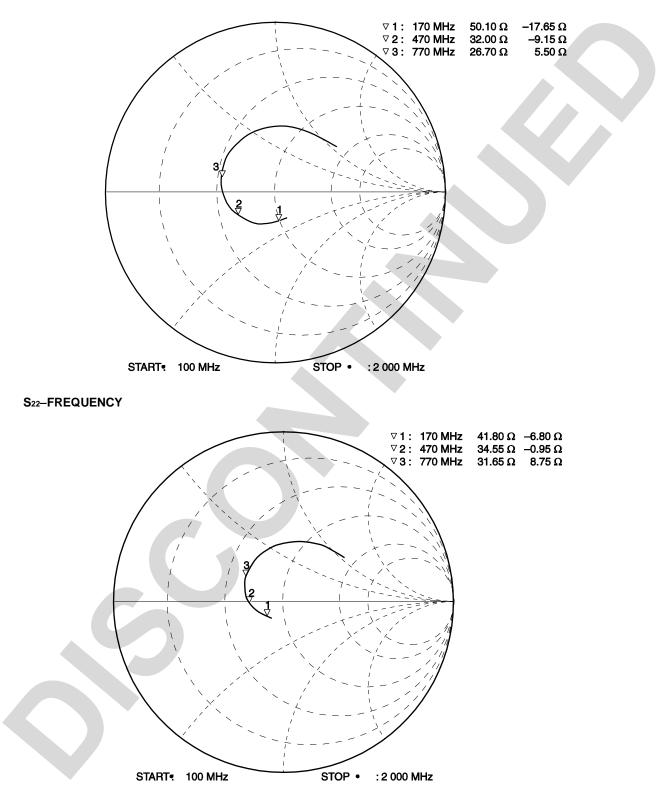
Remark The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.





S-PARAMETERS 1 (LNA-mode) (T_A = +25°C, V_{cc} = V_{cont} = 2.8 V, monitored at connector on board)

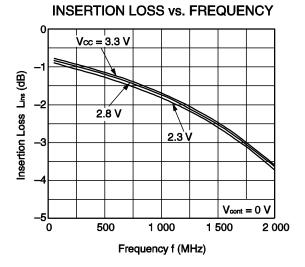
S11-FREQUENCY



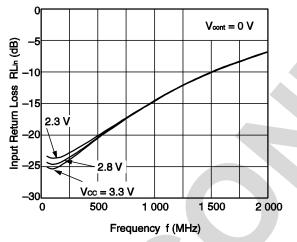


Data Sheet PU10764EJ01V0DS

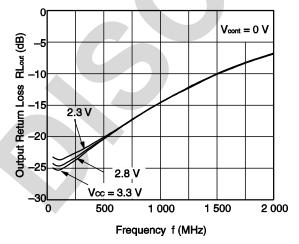
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 3 (Bypass-mode) (T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified)



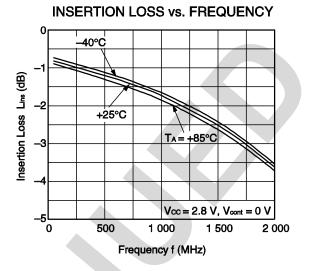
INPUT RETURN LOSS vs. FREQUENCY



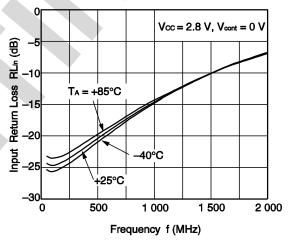
OUTPUT RETURN LOSS vs. FREQUENCY



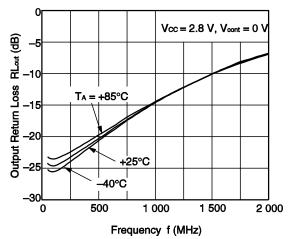
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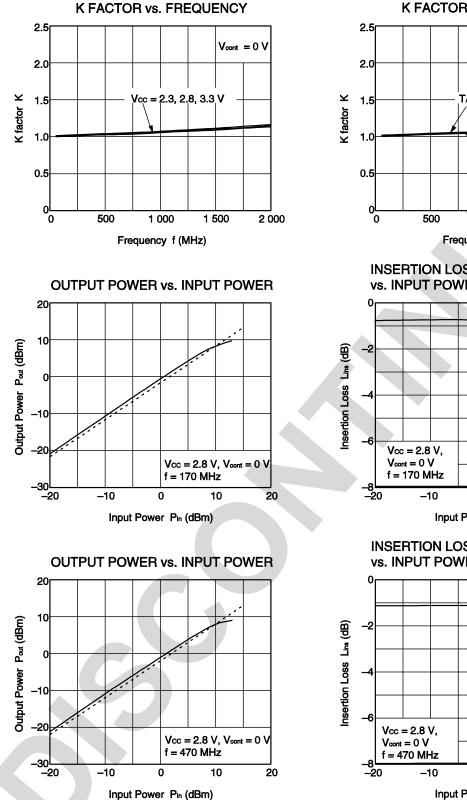
INPUT RETURN LOSS vs. FREQUENCY

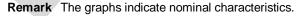


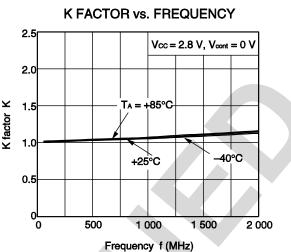
OUTPUT RETURN LOSS vs. FREQUENCY



Data Sheet PU10764EJ01V0DS



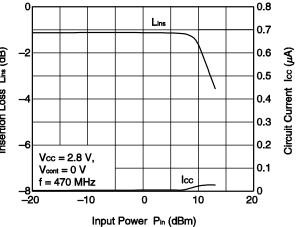




INSERTION LOSS, CIRCUIT CURRENT vs. INPUT POWER

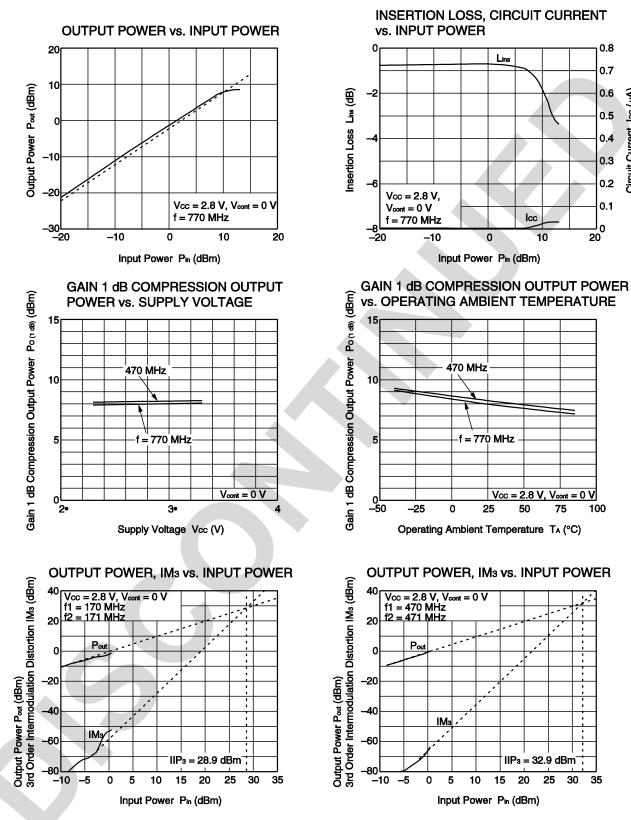


INSERTION LOSS, CIRCUIT CURRENT vs. INPUT POWER

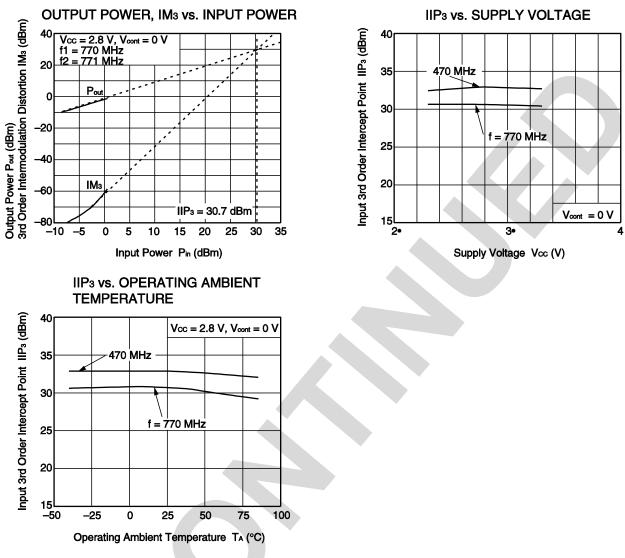


loc (JuA)

Circuit Current



Remark The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

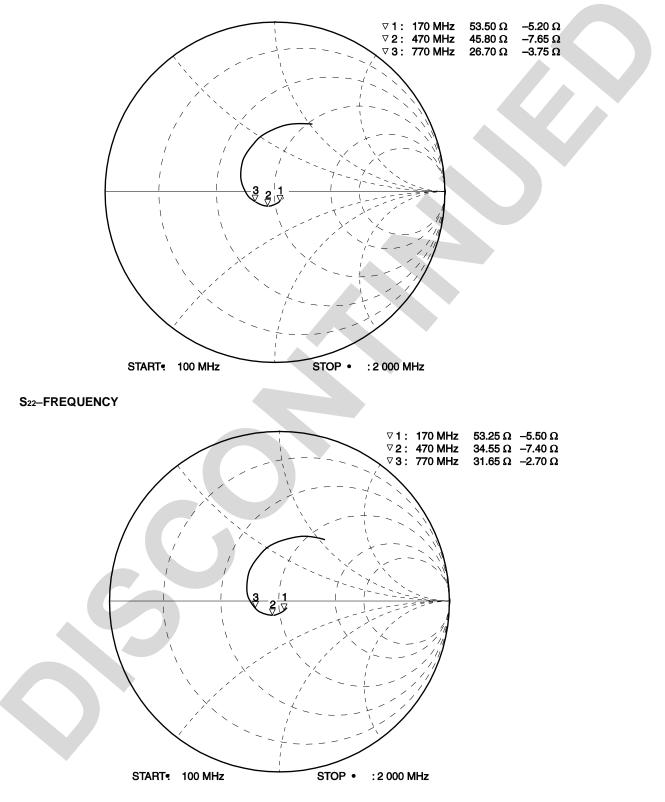


Remark The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

S-PARAMETERS 2 (Bypass-mode)

(TA = +25°C, Vcc = 2.8 V, Vcont = 0 V, monitored at connector on board)

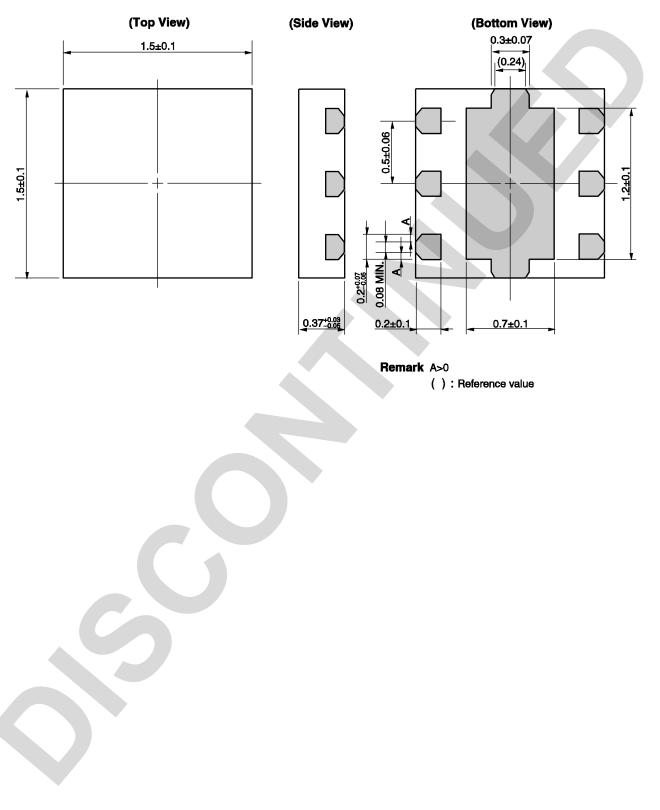
S11-FREQUENCY





PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

6-PIN PLASTIC TSON (T6N) (UNIT: mm)



NOTES ON CORRECT USE

- (1) Observe precautions for handling because of electro-static sensitive devices.
- (2) Form a ground pattern as widely as possible to minimize ground impedance (to prevent undesired oscillation). All the ground terminals must be connected together with wide ground pattern to decrease impedance difference.
- (3) The bypass capacitor should be attached to Vcc line.
- (4) Do not supply DC voltage to INPUT pin.
- (5) Pin 5 (NC) should be connected to the ground pattern.

RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

This product should be soldered and mounted under the following recommended conditions. For soldering methods and conditions other than those recommended below, contact your nearby sales office.

Soldering Method	Soldering Conditions		Condition Symbol
Infrared Reflow	Peak temperature (package surface temperature) Time at peak temperature Time at temperature of 220°C or higher Preheating time at 120 to 180°C Maximum number of reflow processes Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux (% mass)	: 260°C or below : 10 seconds or less : 60 seconds or less : 120±30 seconds : 3 times : 0.2%(Wt.) or below	IR260
Partial Heating	Peak temperature (terminal temperature) Soldering time (per side of device) Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux (% mass)	: 350°C or below : 3 seconds or less : 0.2%(Wt.) or below	HS350

Caution Do not use different soldering methods together (except for partial heating).