Plastic Fiber Optic Photologic Detector IF D96F

9/18



APPLICATIONS

- ➤ Digital Data Links
- ➤ PC-to-Peripheral Links
- ➤ Digitized Audio
- ➤ Intra-System Links: Boardto-Board, Rack-to-Rack
- ➤ Medical Instruments
- ➤ Automotive Electronics
- ➤ Robotics Communications
- ➤ EMC/EMI Signal Isolation

DESCRIPTION

The IF-D96F is a medium-speed photologic detector housed in a "connector-less" style plastic fiber optic package. The detector contains an IC with a photodiode, linear amplifier, voltage comparator, and Schmitt trigger logic circuit. The IF-D96F features an inverted open-collector Schottky transistor output (active low). The device can drive up to 5 TTL loads over output (pull-up) voltages ranging from 4.5 to 15 Volts. Optimized for visible wavelengths of 600 to 780 nm. The detector package features an internal micro-lens and a precision-molded PBT housing to ensure efficient optical coupling with standard 1000 μm core plastic fiber cable.

APPLICATION HIGHLIGHTS

The IF-D96F is suitable for digital data links at rates up to 5 Mbps. A Schmitt trigger improves noise immunity and TTL/CMOS logic compatibility greatly simplifies interfacing with existing digital circuits. An enhanced internal electrical architecture ensures stable operation and wide dynamic range. The integrated design of the IF-D96F provides simple, cost-effective implementation in a variety of digital applications.

FEATURES

- ◆ High Optical Sensitivity
- Mates with Standard 1000 μm Core,
 2.2 mm Jacketed Plastic Fiber Optic Cable
- No Optical Design Required
- ◆ Inexpensive Plastic Connector Housing
- Internal Micro-Lens for Efficient Optical Coupling

- ◆ Connector-Less Fiber Termination
- ◆ Light-Tight Housing Provides Interference-Free Transmission
- ◆ Open Collector Output

Symbol Min Tyn May Unit

RoHS Compliant

MAXIMUM RATINGS

 $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C)$

Operating and Storage
Temperature Range
(TOP, TSTG).....-40°to 85°C

Soldering Temperature (2mm from case bottom) (Ts) $t \le 5$ s.....240°C

Supply Voltage, (VS)5 to 15 V Voltage at Output lead-.5 to 15 V

Output Sinking Current, DC.. 25 mA Power Dissipation

T_A=25°C80 mW De-rate Above 25°C ...1.33 mW/°C

CAUTION: The IF D96F is ESD sensitive. To minimize risk of damage observe appropriate precautions during handling and processing.

CHARACTERISTICS (T_A =25°C) V_{CC} = 4.75 to 5.25 V unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Mın.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Peak Sensitivity	$\lambda_{ ext{PEAK}}$	-	700	_	nm
Spectral Sensitivity (Response=80% of Maximum)	Δλ	500	-	780	nm
Recommended Operating Voltage	V_{CC}	4.5	-	15.0	V
High Level Supply Current VCC=5.25 V *	$I_{\rm CCH}$	_	3.5	6	mA
Low Level Supply Current VCC=5.25 V *	I_{CCL}	_	12	14.5	mA
Light Level to Trigger (RL=1 k Ω λ =650 nm)	Er (+)	-	7 -21.6	-	μW dBm
Hysterisis Ratio	Er(+)/Er(-)	-	1.1	-	-
Light Level to Not Trigger (λ =660 nm)	Er (-)	0.1 -40	-	-	μW dBm
$\label{eq:high-level-output} \mbox{High Level Output Current V_{OH}= 15 V } (P_{IN}\!\!=\!\!0)$	I_{OH}	-	5	100	μΑ
Low Level Output Voltage (I $_{\text{OL}}\!\!=\!8$ mA) (P $_{\text{IN}}\!\!=\!\!10~\mu\text{W})$	V_{OL}	-	0.1	0.55	V
Propagation Delay, Low-High $(f=100.0 \text{ kHz}, R_L=5 \text{ TTL Loads})$	t _{PLH}	-	210	250	ns
Propagation Delay, High-Low (f= 100.0 kHz, R= 5 TTL Loads)	t _{PHL}	-	110	150	ns
Output Risetime (f= 100.0 kHz, R_L = 5 TTL Loads)	t _r	-	50	-	ns
Output Falltime (f= 100.0 kHz, R_L = 5 TTL Loads)	\mathbf{t}_{f}	-	5	-	ns

^{*} Load = 620 Ohms, included in suppply current

IF D96F Plastic Fiber Optic Photologic Detector

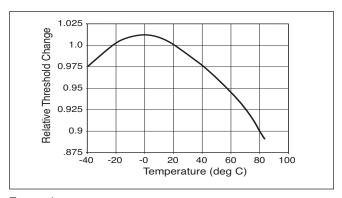


FIGURE 1. Normalized threshold irradiance vs. amb. temp.

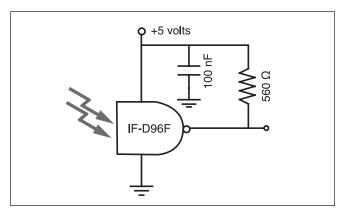


FIGURE 2. Typical operating circuit.

FIBER TERMINATION INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Cut off the ends of the optical fiber with a singleedge razor blade or sharp knife. Try to obtain a precise 90-degree angle (square).
- 2. Insert the fiber through the locking nut and into the connector until the core tip seats against the internal micro-lens.
- Screw the connector locking nut down to a snug fit, locking the fiber in place. Do not exceed a torque of 0.4 N·m.

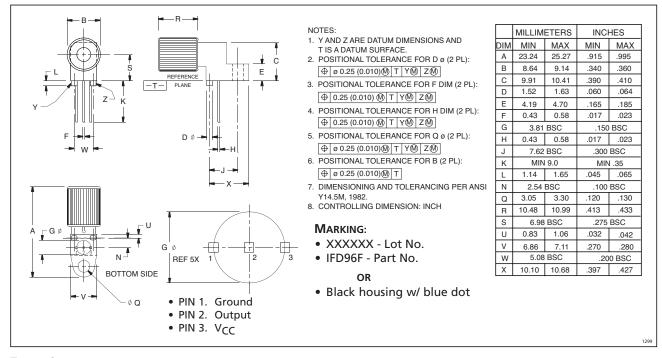


FIGURE 3. Case outline. Specific respons

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- CAUTION: To avoid degraded device life due to package stress, do not bend or form leads outside the orientation shown on drawing.
 - Ensure that solder flux does not migrate into the device and block the optical path, degrading the performance.
 - If washing the device, liquid may become trapped in the part cavity. Ensure that all potentially corrosive materials are flushed out of the device.