

TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
WIDE-INPUT-VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SGLS182B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

- Qualified for Automotive Applications
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model (C = 200 pF, R = 0)
- Output Swing Includes Both Supply Rails
- Extended Common-Mode Input Voltage Range . . . 0 V to 4.5 V (Min) with 5-V Single Supply
- No Phase Inversion
- Low Noise . . . 18 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ Typ at f = 1 kHz
- Low Input Offset Voltage 950 μV Max at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (TLV243xA)
- Low Input Bias Current . . . 1 pA Typ
- Very Low Supply Current . . . 125 μA Per Channel Max
- 600- Ω Output Drive
- Macromodel Included

description

The TLV243x and TLV243xA are low-voltage operational amplifier from Texas Instruments. The common-mode input voltage range for each device is extended over the typical CMOS amplifiers making them suitable for a wide range of applications. In addition, these devices do not phase invert when the common-mode input is driven to the supply rails. This satisfies most design requirements without paying a premium for rail-to-rail input performance. They also exhibit rail-to-rail output performance for increased dynamic range in single- or split-supply applications. This family is fully characterized at 3-V and 5-V supplies and is optimized for low-voltage operation. The TLV243x only requires 100 μA (typ) of supply current per channel, making it ideal for battery-powered applications. The TLV243x also has increased output drive over previous rail-to-rail operational amplifiers and can drive 600- Ω loads for telecom applications.

The other members in the TLV243x family are the high-power, TLV244x, and micro-power, TLV2422, versions.

The TLV243x, exhibiting high input impedance and low noise, is excellent for small-signal conditioning for high-impedance sources, such as piezoelectric transducers. Because of the micropower dissipation levels and low-voltage operation, these devices work well in hand-held monitoring and remote-sensing applications. In addition, the rail-to-rail output feature with single- or split-supplies makes this family a great choice when interfacing with analog-to-digital converters (ADCs). For precision applications, the TLV243xA is available and has a maximum input offset voltage of 950 μV .

If the design requires single operational amplifiers, see the TI TLV2211/21/31. This is a family of rail-to-rail output operational amplifiers in the SOT-23 package. Their small size and low power consumption, make them ideal for high density, battery-powered equipment.

HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE
vs
HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

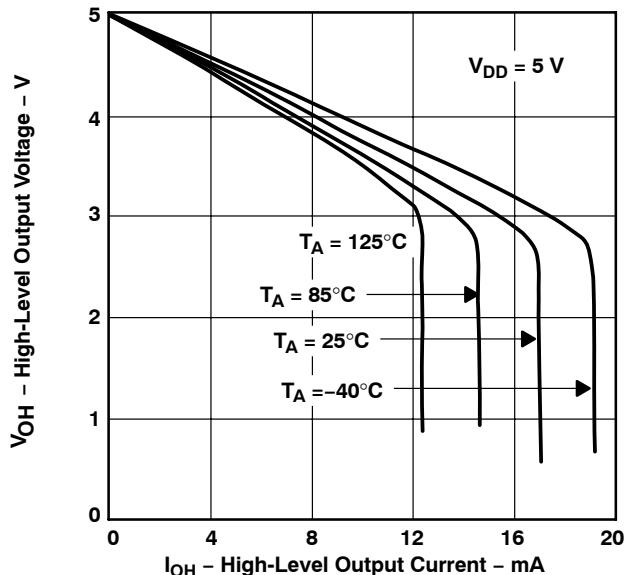


Figure 1



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

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**TEXAS
INSTRUMENTS**

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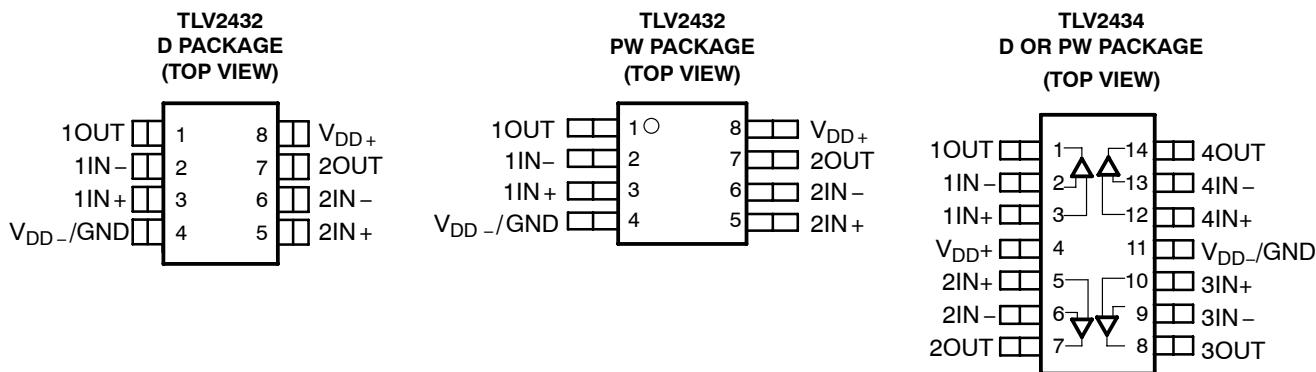
ORDERING INFORMATION[†]

T _A	V _{I0 max} AT 25°C	PACKAGE [‡]		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
-40°C to 125°C	950 μV	SOIC (D)	Tape and reel	TLV2432AQDRQ1	2432AQ
		TSSOP (PW)	Tape and reel	TLV2432AQPWRQ1\$	
	2.5 mV	SOIC (D)	Tape and reel	TLV2432QDRQ1	2432Q1
		TSSOP (PW)	Tape and reel	TLV2432QPWRQ1\$	
-40°C to 125°C	950 μV	SOIC (D)	Tape and reel	TLV2434AQDRQ1	2434AQ
		TSSOP (PW)	Tape and reel	TLV2434AQPWRQ1\$	
	2.5 mV	SOIC (D)	Tape and reel	TLV2434QDRQ1\$	
		TSSOP (PW)	Tape and reel	TLV2434QPWRQ1\$	

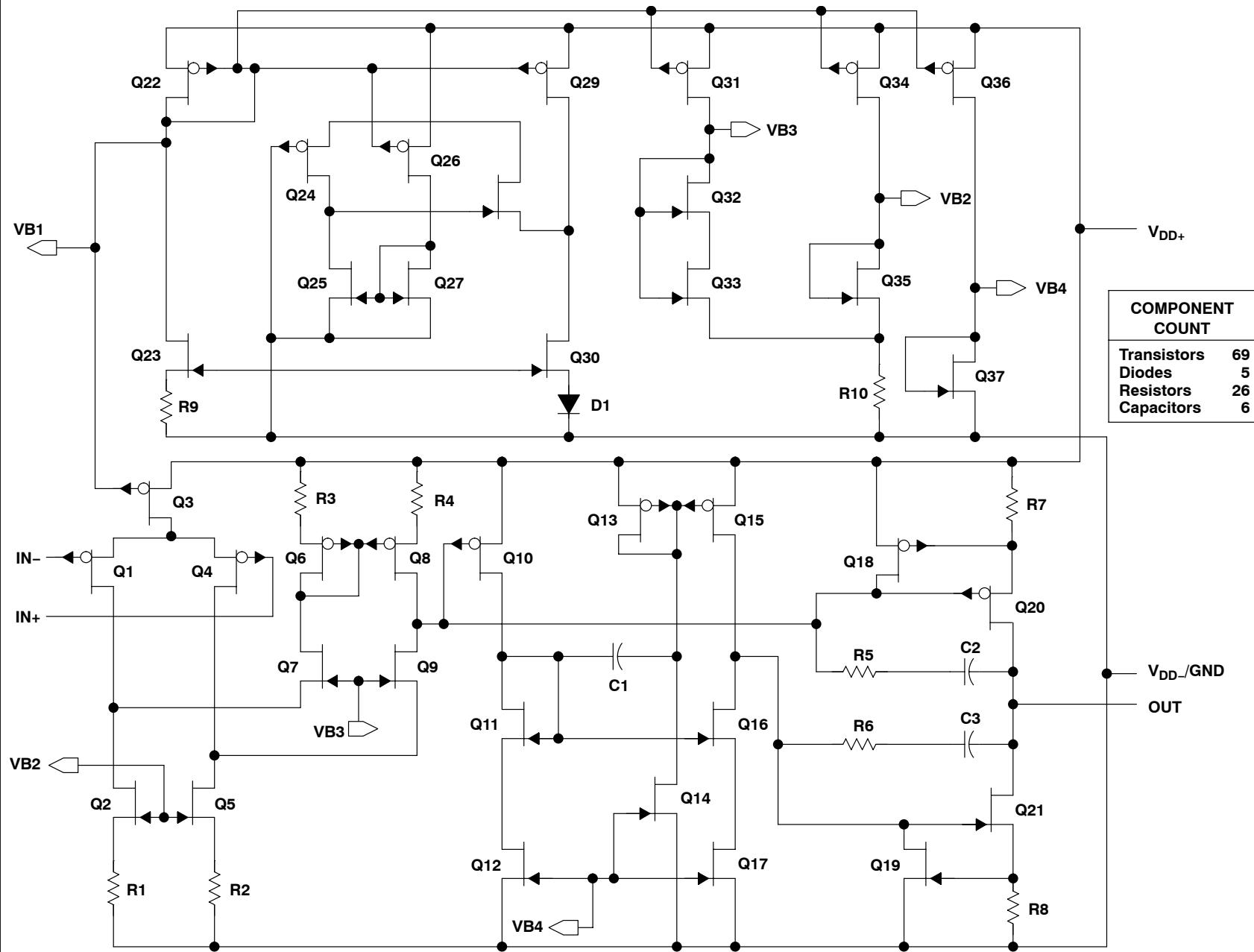
[†] For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at <http://www.ti.com>.

[‡] Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at <http://www.ti.com/packaging>.

\$ Product Preview.



equivalent schematic (each amplifier)



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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[†]

Supply voltage, V_{DD} (see Note 1)	12 V
Differential input voltage, V_{ID} (see Note 2)	$\pm V_{DD}$
Input current, I_I (each input)	± 5 mA
Output current, I_O	± 50 mA
Total current into V_{DD+}	± 50 mA
Total current out of V_{DD-}	± 50 mA
Duration of short-circuit current at (or below) 25°C (see Note 3)	unlimited
Continuous total dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, T_A : Q suffix	-40°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range, T_{stg}	-65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to the midpoint between V_{DD+} and V_{DD-} .
 2. Differential voltages are at IN+ with respect to IN-. Excessive current flows if input is brought below $V_{DD-} - 0.3$ V.
 3. The output may be shorted to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the maximum dissipation rating is not exceeded.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	$T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
D (8)	725 mW	5.8 mW/°C	464 mW	377 mW	145 mW
D (14)	1022 mW	7.6 mW/°C	900 mW	777 mW	450 mW
PW (8)	525 mW	4.2 mW/°C	336 mW	273 mW	105 mW
PW (14)	720 mW	5.6 mW/°C	634 mW	547 mW	317 mW

recommended operating conditions

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V_{DD}	2.7	10	V
Input voltage range, V_I	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 0.8$	V
Common-mode input voltage, V_{IC}	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 0.8$	V
Operating free-air temperature, T_A	-40	125	°C

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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 3\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A^\dagger	TLV243x-Q1			UNIT	
			MIN	TYP	MAX		
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0$, $V_O = 0$, $V_{DD} \pm = \pm 1.5\text{ V}$, $R_S = 50\Omega$	TLV243x	25°C	300	2000	μV	
			Full range		2500		
		TLV243xA	25°C	300	950		
			Full range		2000		
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0$, $V_O = 0$, $V_{DD} \pm = \pm 1.5\text{ V}$, $R_S = 50\Omega$	25°C to 70°C	2			$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C	0.003		$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$	
I_{IO} Input offset current		25°C	0.5			pA	
		Full range		150			
I_{IB} Input bias current		25°C	1			pA	
		Full range		300			
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range	$ V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$, $R_S = 50\Omega$	25°C	0 to 2.5	-0.25 to 2.75		V	
			Full range	0 to 2.2			
V_{OH} High-level output voltage		$I_{OH} = -100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	25°C	2.98		V	
		$I_{OH} = -3\text{ mA}$	25°C	2.5			
		Full range	2.25				
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$V_{IC} = 1.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	25°C	0.02			V	
		$V_{IC} = 1.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 3\text{ mA}$	25°C	0.83			
		Full range		1			
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 1\text{ V to }2\text{ V}$	$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C	1.5	2.5	V/mV	
			Full range	0.5			
		$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C	750			
$r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance			25°C	1000		$\text{G}\Omega$	
$r_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input resistance			25°C	1000		$\text{G}\Omega$	
$C_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$		25°C	8		pF	
Z_0 Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 100\text{ kHz}$, $A_V = 10$		25°C	130		Ω	
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = V_{ICR}$ MIN, $V_O = 1.5\text{ V}$, $R_S = 50\Omega$	25°C	70	83		dB	
		Full range	70				
k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V to }8\text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$, No load	25°C	80	95		dB	
		Full range	80				
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 1.5\text{ V}$, No load	25°C	195	250		μA	
		Full range		260			

[†] Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q level part.

[‡] Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV .

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operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 3\text{ V}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A^\dagger	TLV243x-Q1, TLV243xA-Q1			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR Slew rate at unity gain	$V_O = 1\text{ V to }2\text{ V}, R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C	0.15	0.25		V/ μs
		Full range	0.1			
V_n Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz	25°C		120		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
	f = 1 kHz	25°C		22		
$V_{N(PP)}$ Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz	25°C		2.7		μV
	f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz	25°C		4		
I_n	Equivalent input noise current	25°C		0.6		fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD + N Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ kHz}, R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$A_V = 1$		0.065%		
		$A_V = 10$		0.5%		
Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C	0.5		MHz
B _{OM}	$V_{O(PP)} = 1\text{ V}, R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger,$	$A_V = 1, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C	220		kHz
t_s Settling time	$A_V = -1, Step = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}, R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	To 0.1%		6.4		μs
		To 0.01%		14.1		
ϕ_m Phase margin at unity gain	$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C		62°		dB
		25°C		11		

[†] Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q level part.

[‡] Referenced to 2.5 V



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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A^\dagger	TLV243x-Q1			UNIT	
			MIN	TYP	MAX		
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0$, $V_O = 0$, $V_{DD} \pm = \pm 2.5\text{ V}$, $R_S = 50\Omega$	TLV243x	25°C	300	2000	μV	
			Full range		2500		
		TLV243xA	25°C	300	950		
			Full range		2000		
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0$, $V_O = 0$, $V_{DD} \pm = \pm 2.5\text{ V}$, $R_S = 50\Omega$	25°C to 70°C	2			$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C	0.003		$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$	
I_{IO} Input offset current		25°C	0.5			pA	
		Full range		150			
I_{IB} Input bias current		25°C	1			pA	
		Full range		300			
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range	$ V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$, $R_S = 50\Omega$	25°C	0 to 4.5	-0.25 to 4.75		V	
			Full range	0 to 4.2			
V_{OH} High-level output voltage		$I_{OH} = -100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.97		V	
		$I_{OH} = -5\text{ mA}$	25°C	4	4.35		
		Full range		4			
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	25°C	0.01			V	
		$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 5\text{ mA}$	25°C	0.8			
		Full range		1.25			
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C	2.5	3.8	V/mV	
			Full range	0.5			
		$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C	950			
$r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance			25°C	1000		$\text{G}\Omega$	
$r_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input resistance			25°C	1000		$\text{G}\Omega$	
$C_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$		25°C	8		pF	
Z_0 Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 100\text{ kHz}$, $A_V = 10$		25°C	130		Ω	
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = V_{ICR}$ MIN, $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, $R_S = 50\Omega$	25°C	70	90		dB	
		Full range	70				
k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to }8\text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$, No load	25°C	80	95		dB	
		Full range	80				
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, No load	25°C	200	250		μA	
		Full range		270			

[†] Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q level part.

[‡] Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV .

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operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A^\dagger	TLV243x-Q1, TLV243xA-Q1			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR Slew rate at unity gain	$V_O = 1.5\text{ V to }3.5\text{ V}, R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C	0.15	0.25	V/ μs	
		Full range	0.1			
V_n Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz	25°C	100	nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$		
	f = 1 kHz	25°C	18			
$V_{N(PP)}$ Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz	25°C	1.9	μV		
	f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz	25°C	2.8			
I_n Equivalent input noise current		25°C	0.6	$\text{fA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$		
THD + N Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$V_O = 1.5\text{ V to }3.5\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ kHz}, R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$A_V = 1$	0.045%			
		$A_V = 10$	0.4%			
Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C	0.55	MHz	
B_{OM} Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)} = 2\text{ V}, R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$A_V = 1, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C	100	kHz	
t_s Settling time	$A_V = -1, Step = 1.5\text{ V to }3.5\text{ V}, R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	To 0.1%	25°C	6.4	μs	
		To 0.01%		13.1		
ϕ_m Phase margin at unity gain	$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C	66°			
		25°C	11			

[†] Full range is –40°C to 125°C for Q level part.

[‡] Referenced to 2.5 V

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table of Graphs

			FIGURE
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	Distribution vs Common-mode input voltage	2,3 4,5
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient	Distribution	6,7
I_{IB}/I_{IO}	Input bias and input offset currents	vs Free-air temperature	8
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	vs High-level output current	9,11
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	vs Low-level output current	10,12
$V_{O(PP)}$	Maximum peak-to-peak output voltage	vs Frequency	13
I_{OS}	Short-circuit output current	vs Supply voltage vs Free-air temperature	14 15
V_{ID}	Differential input voltage	vs Output voltage	16,17
	Differential gain	vs Load resistance	18
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	vs Frequency	19,20
A_{VD}	Differential voltage amplification	vs Free-air temperature	21,22
z_o	Output impedance	vs Frequency	23,24
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	vs Frequency vs Free-air temperature	25 26
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio	vs Frequency vs Free-air temperature	27,28 29
I_{DD}	Supply current	vs Supply voltage	30
SR	Slew rate	vs Load capacitance vs Free-air temperature	31 32
V_O	Inverting large-signal pulse response		33,34
V_O	Voltage-follower large-signal pulse response		35,36
V_O	Inverting small-signal pulse response		37,38
V_O	Voltage-follower small-signal pulse response		39,40
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	vs Frequency	41, 42
	Noise voltage (referred to input)	Over a 10-second period	43
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	vs Frequency	44,45
	Gain-bandwidth product	vs Free-air temperature vs Supply voltage	46 47
ϕ_m	Phase margin	vs Frequency vs Load capacitance	19,20 48
	Gain margin	vs Load capacitance	49
B_1	Unity-gain bandwidth	vs Load capacitance	50

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

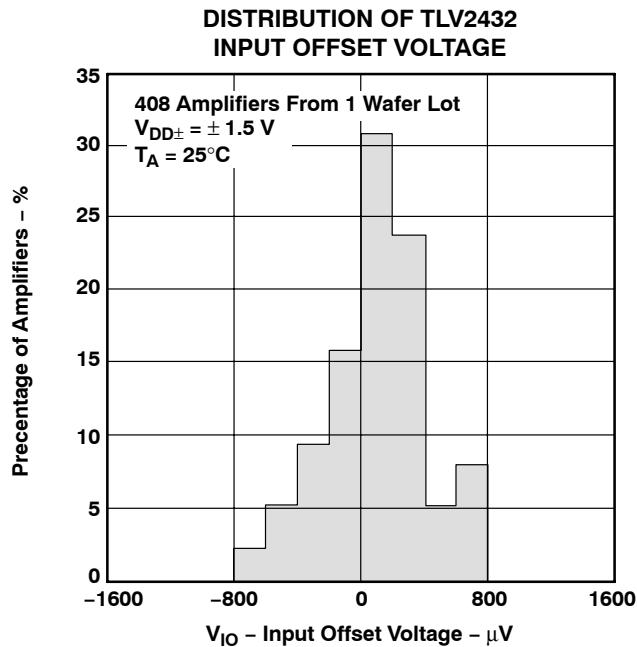


Figure 2

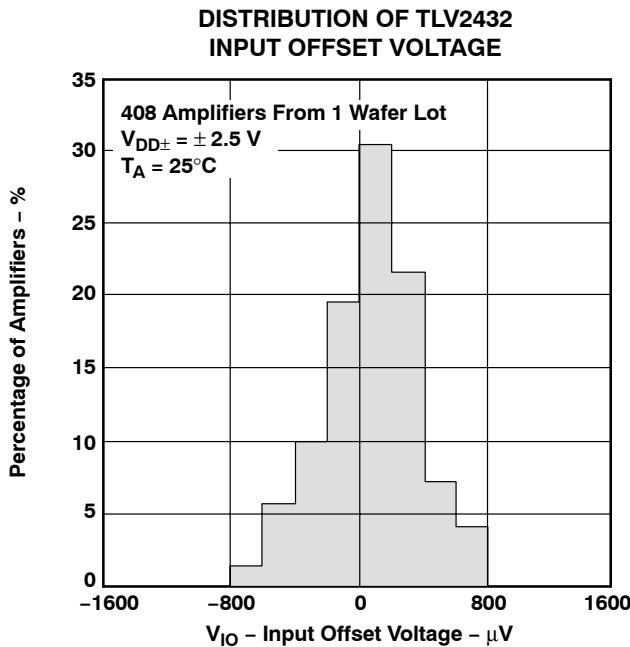


Figure 3

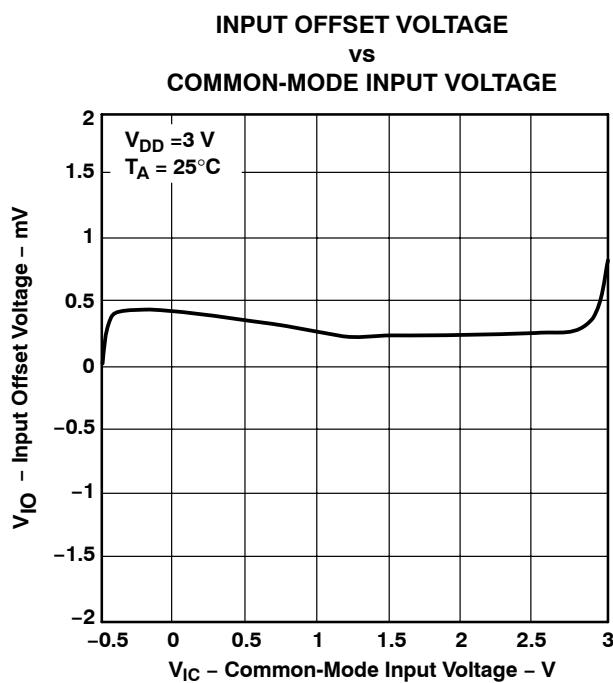


Figure 4

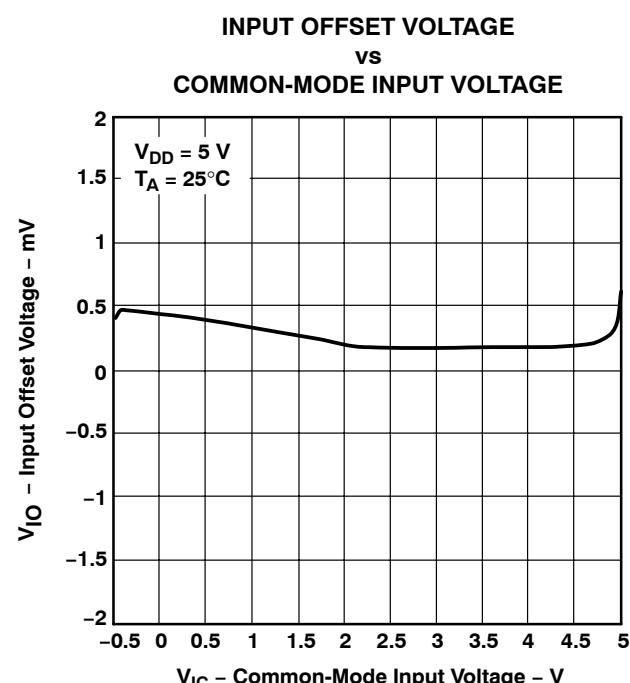


Figure 5

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

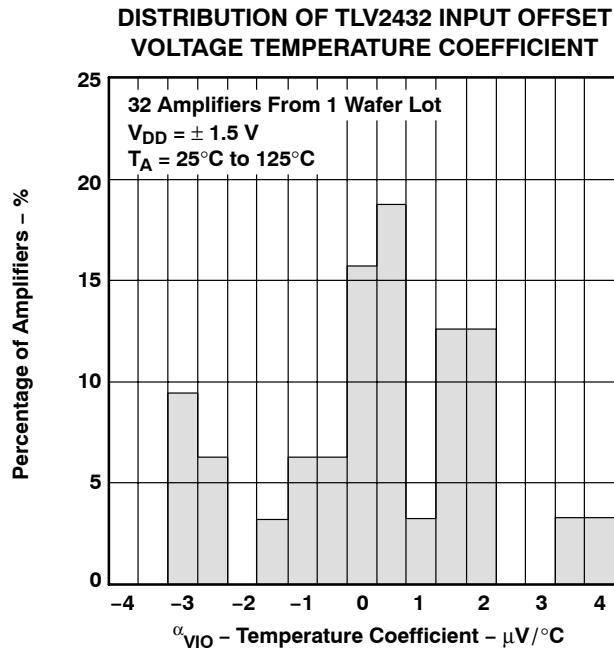


Figure 6

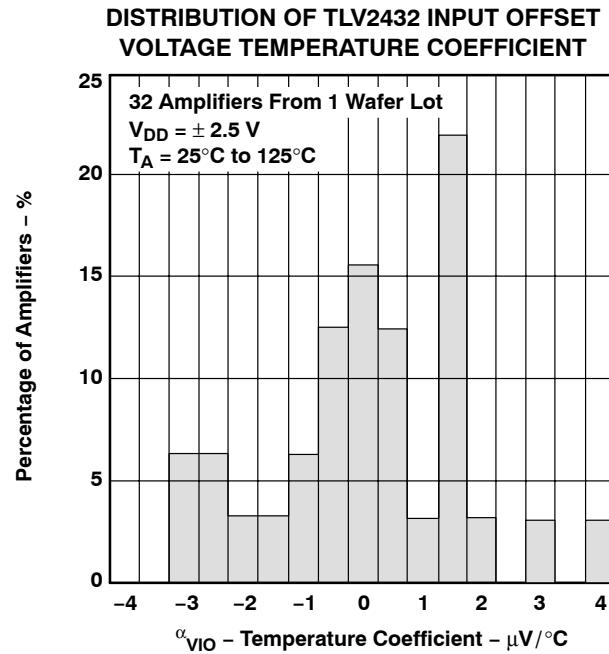


Figure 7

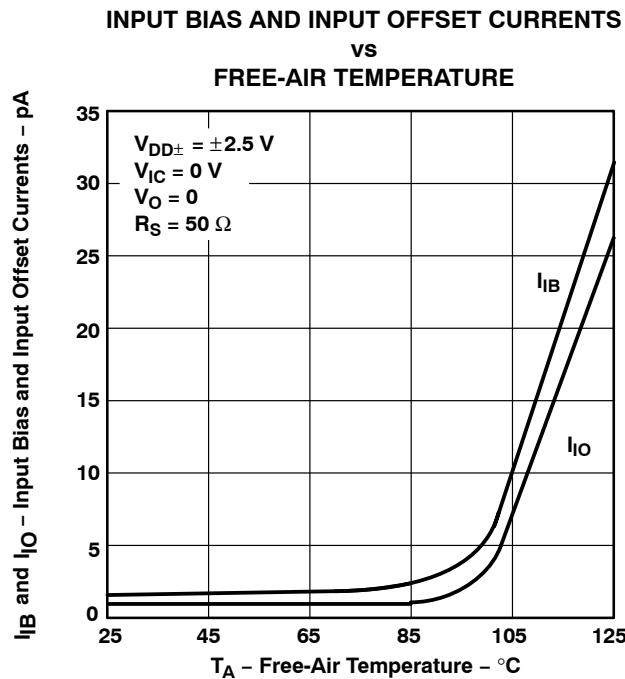


Figure 8

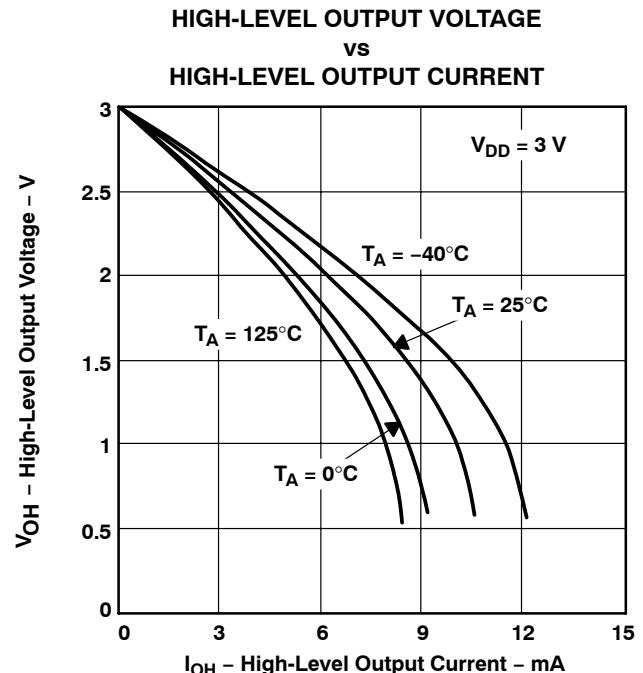


Figure 9

TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1
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WIDE-INPUT-VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

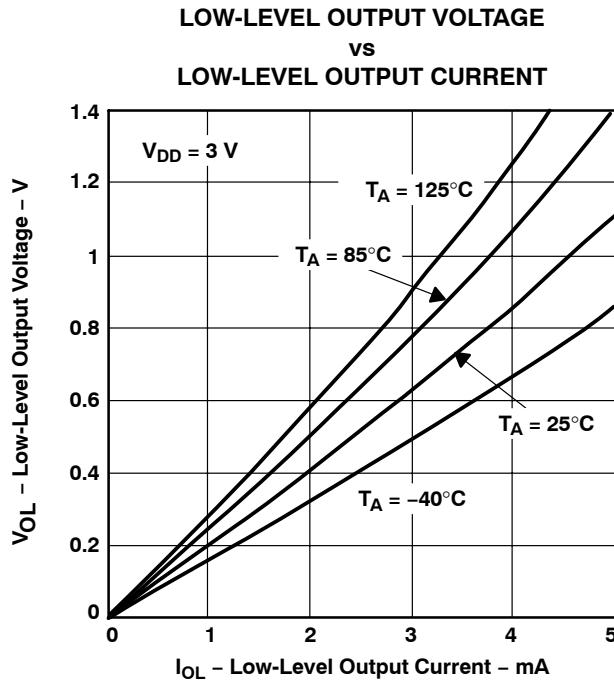


Figure 10

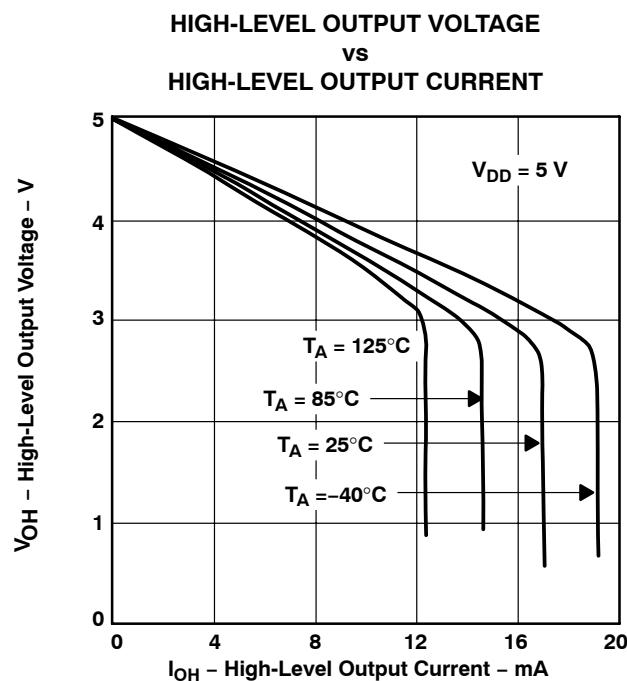


Figure 11

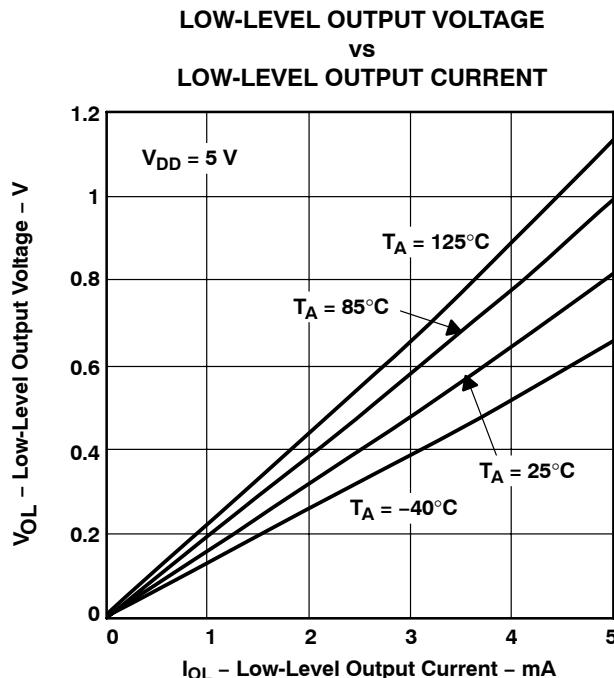


Figure 12

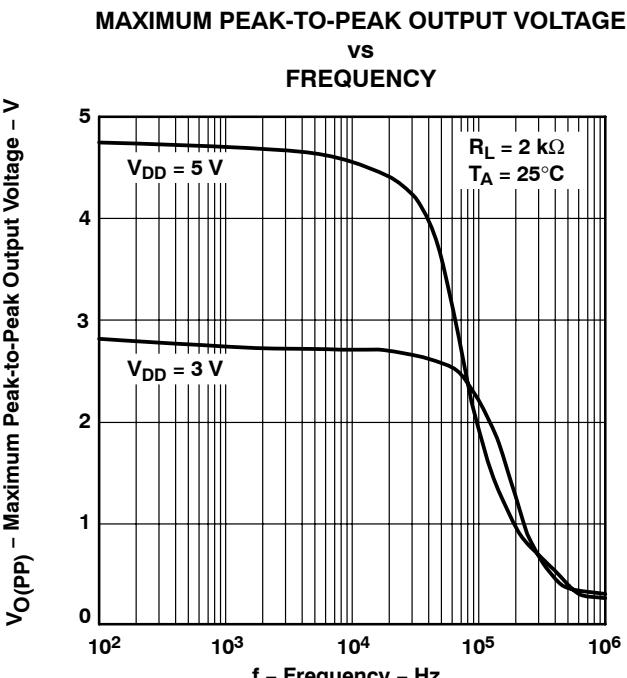


Figure 13

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

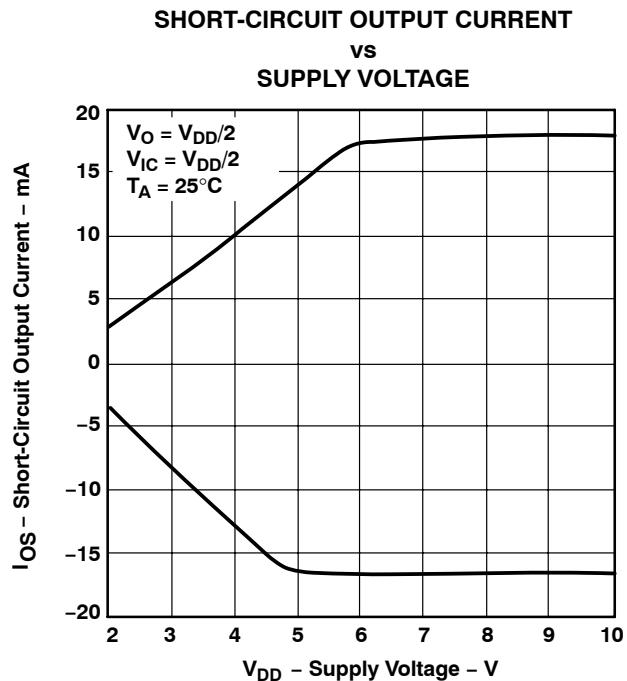


Figure 14

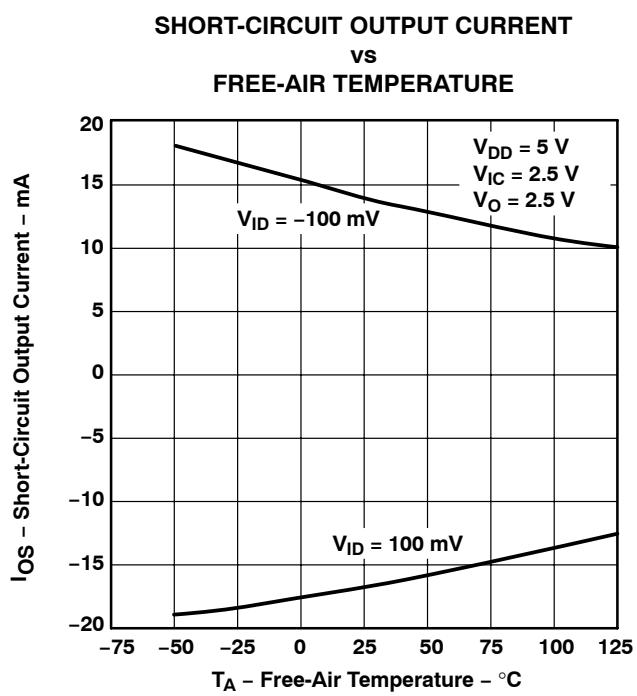


Figure 15

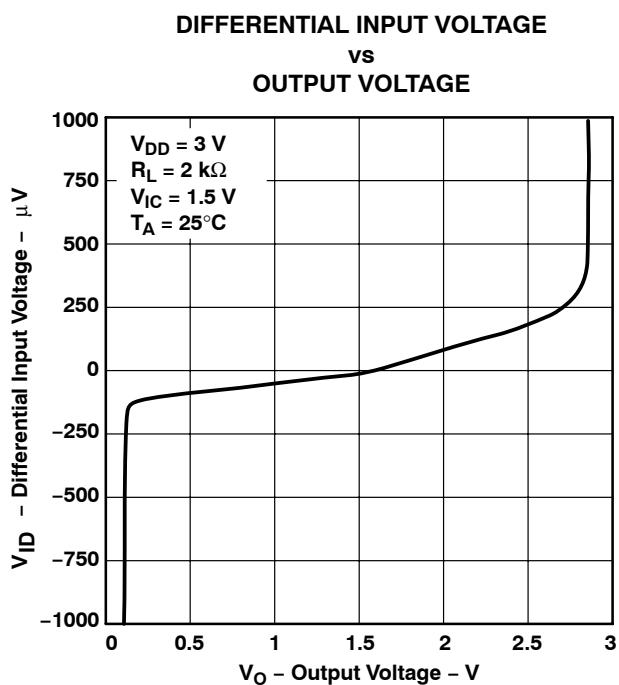


Figure 16

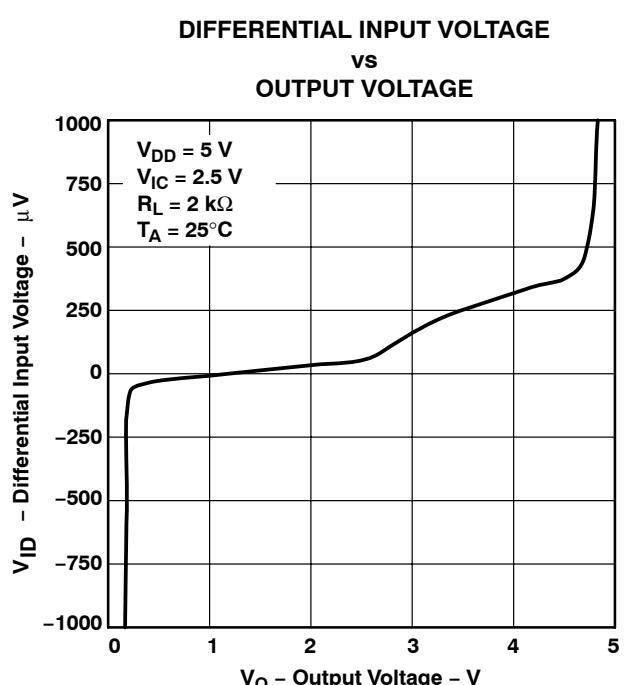


Figure 17

TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
WIDE-INPUT-VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

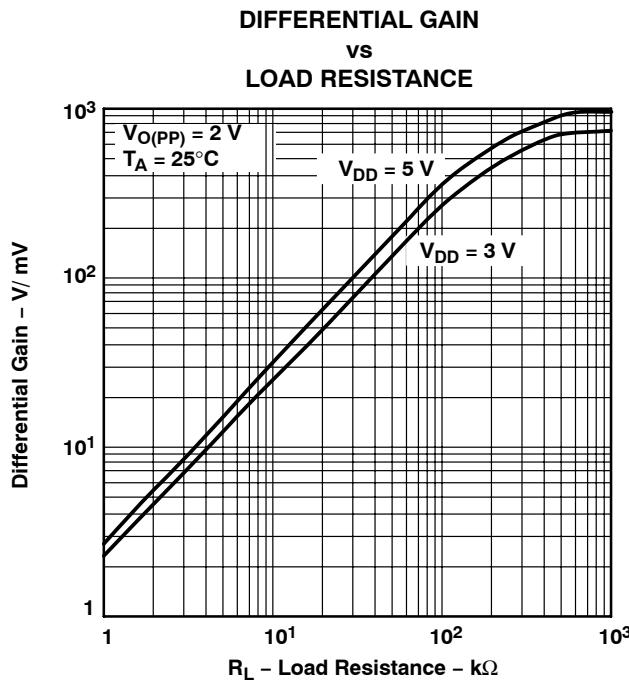


Figure 18

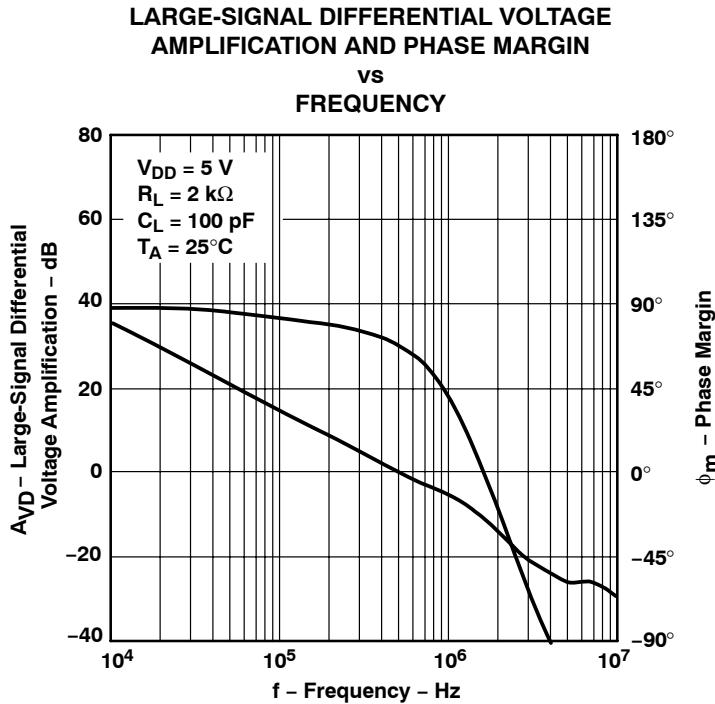


Figure 19

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE MARGIN

VS
FREQUENCY

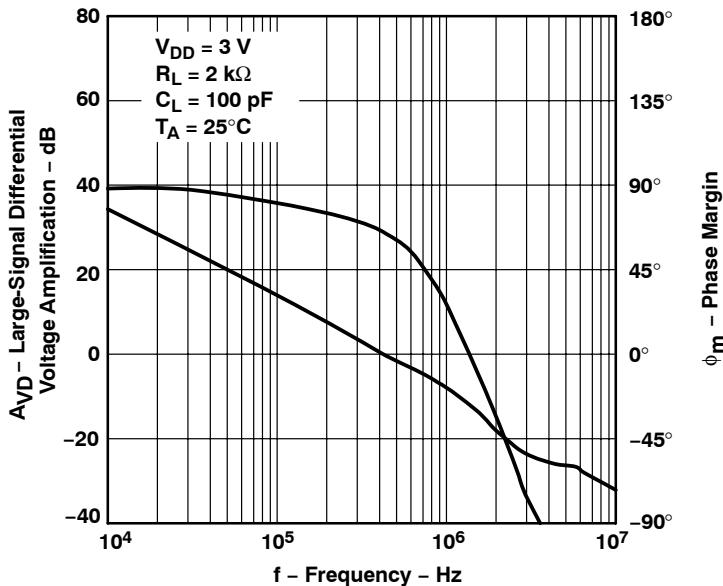


Figure 20

DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

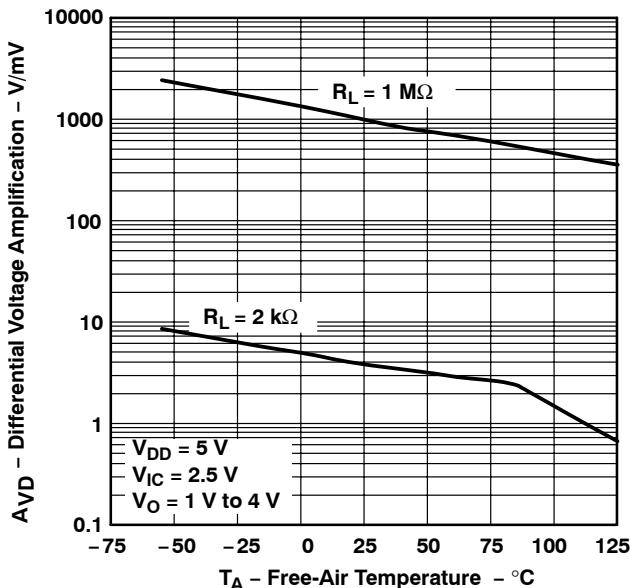


Figure 21

DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

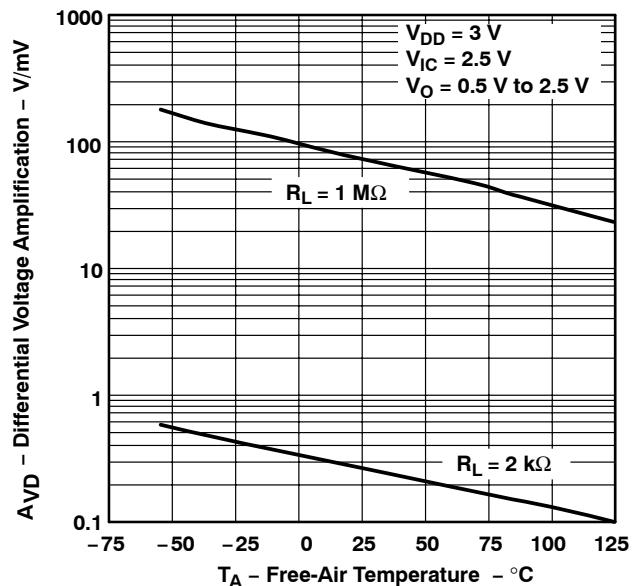


Figure 22

TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
WIDE-INPUT-VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SGLS182B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

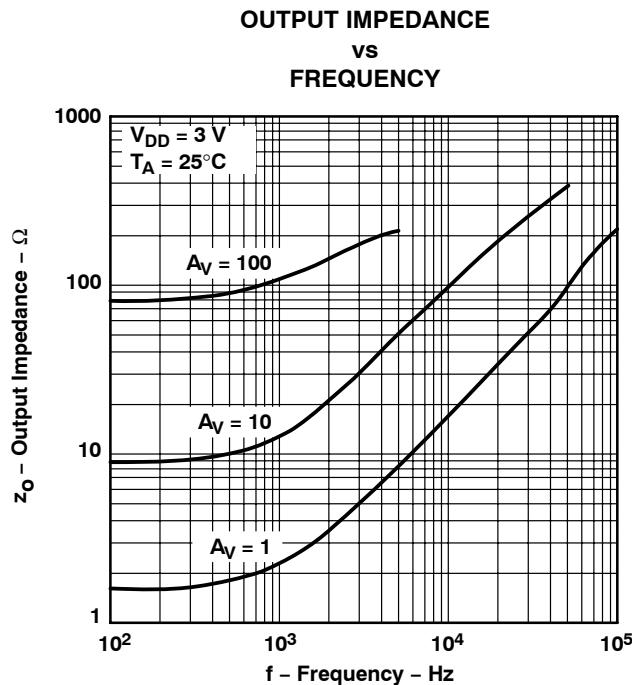


Figure 23

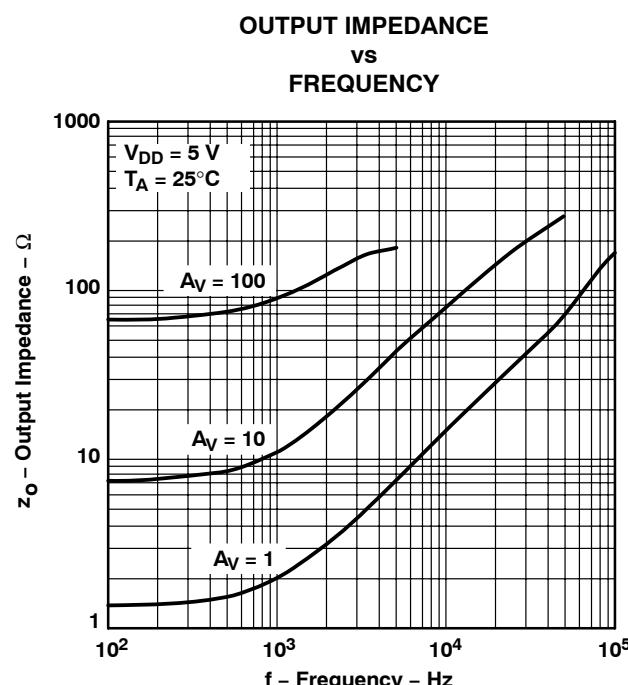


Figure 24

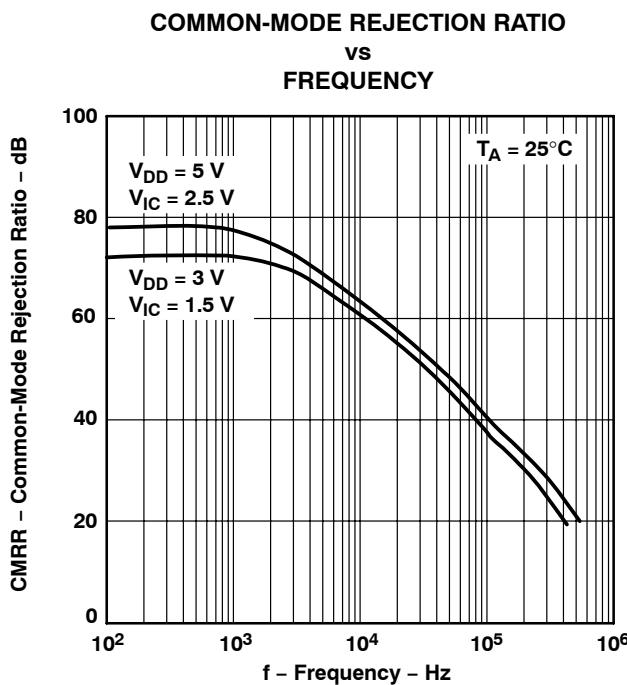


Figure 25

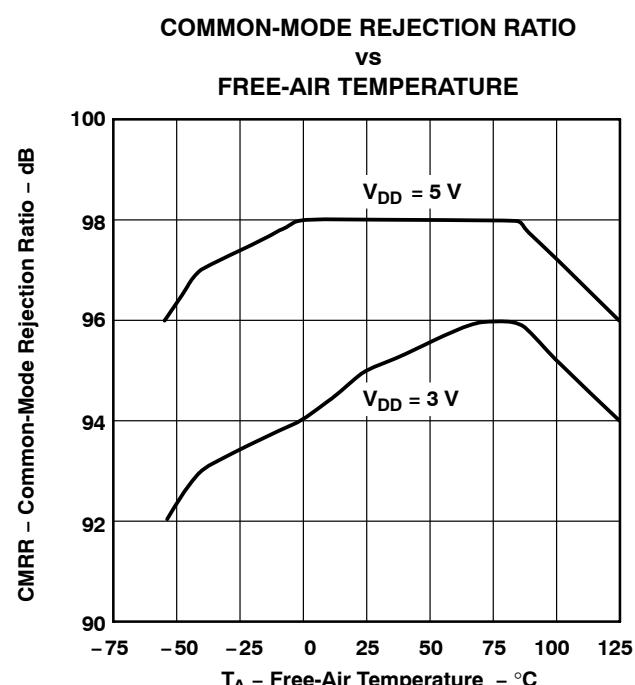


Figure 26

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

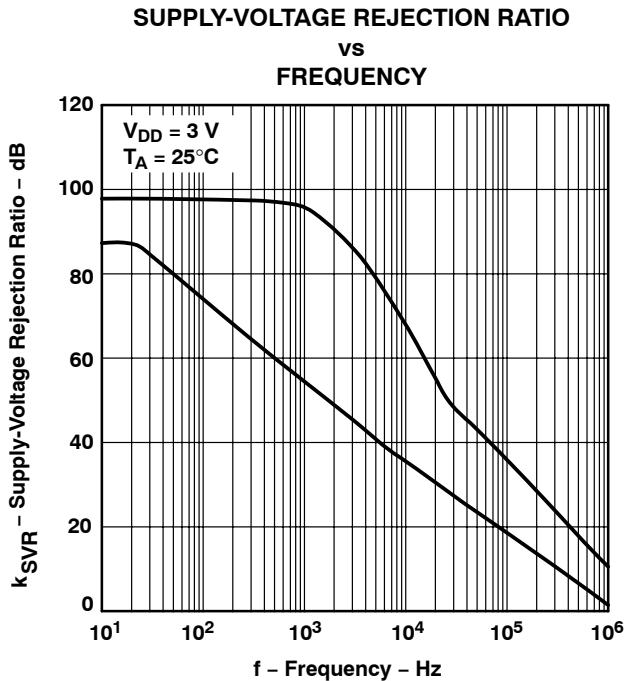


Figure 27

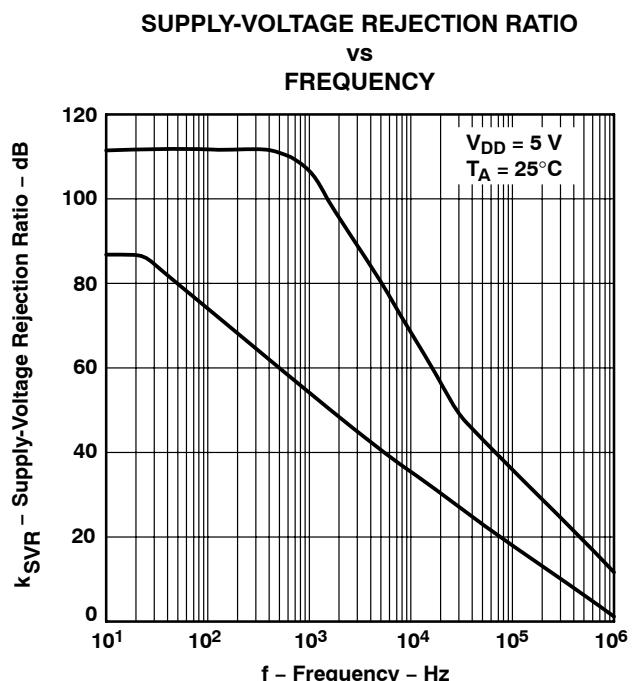


Figure 28

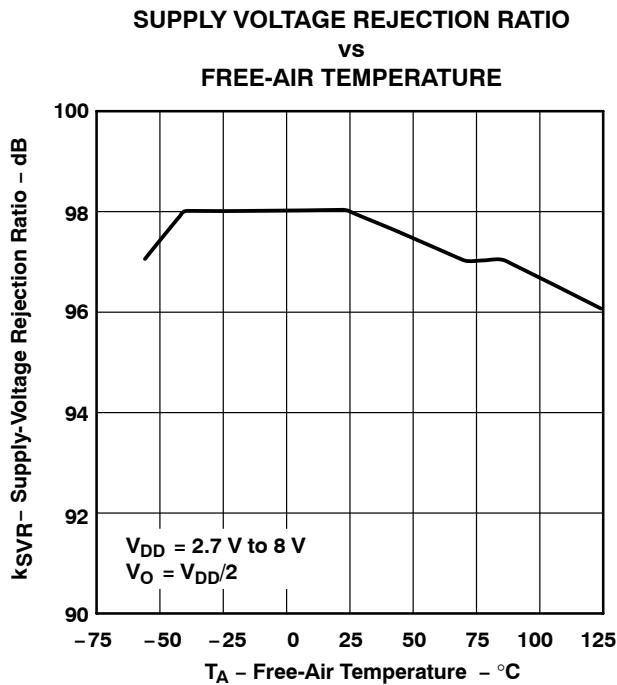


Figure 29

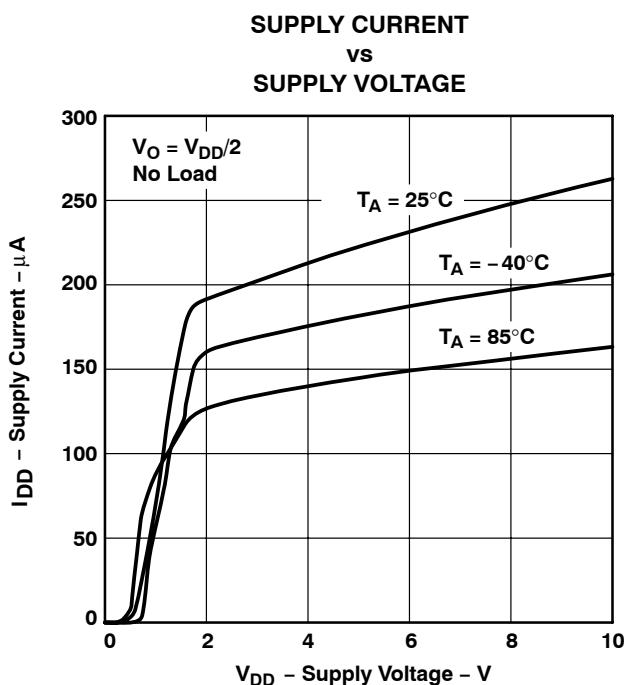


Figure 30

TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
WIDE-INPUT-VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

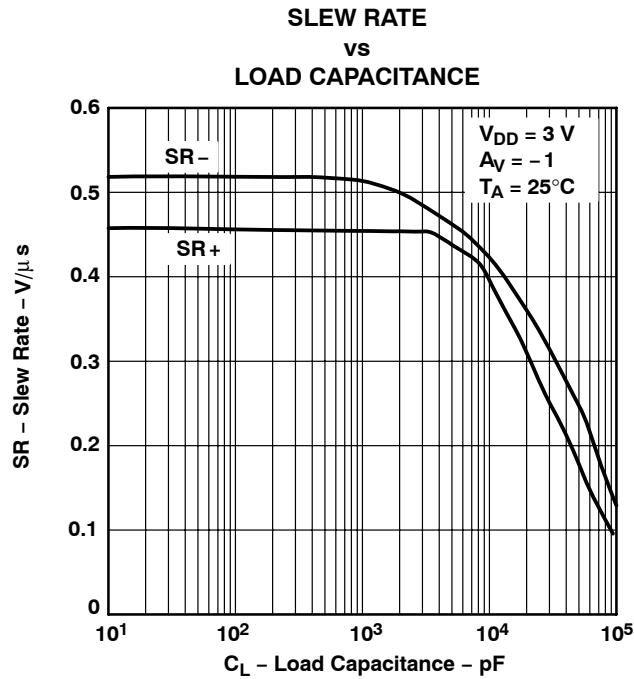


Figure 31

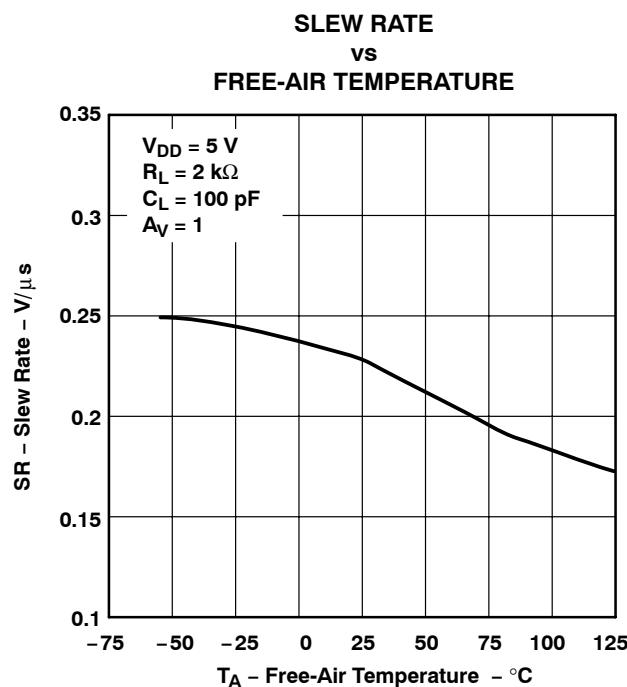


Figure 32

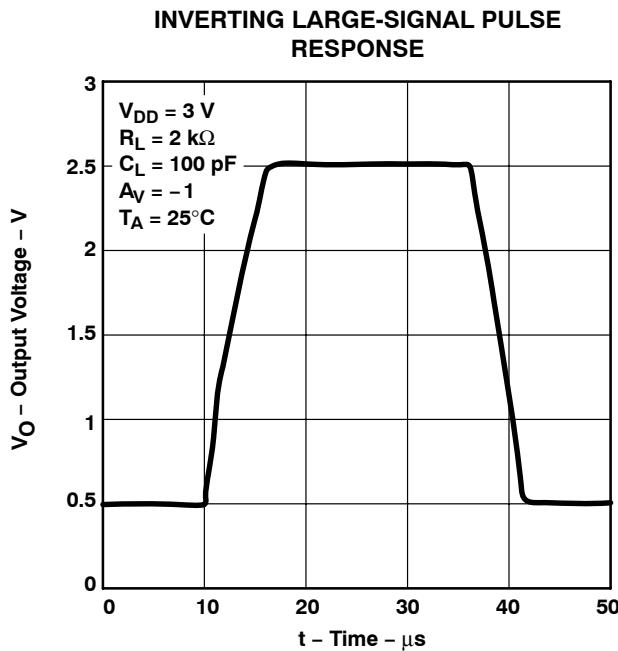


Figure 33

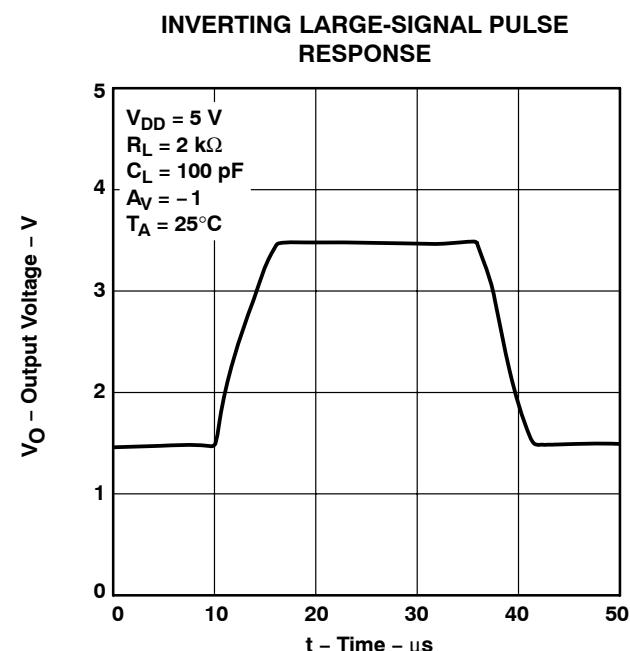


Figure 34

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

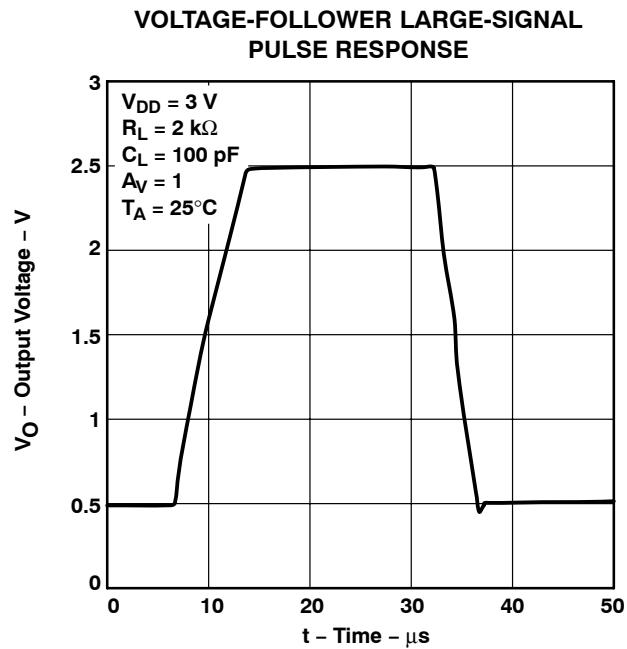


Figure 35

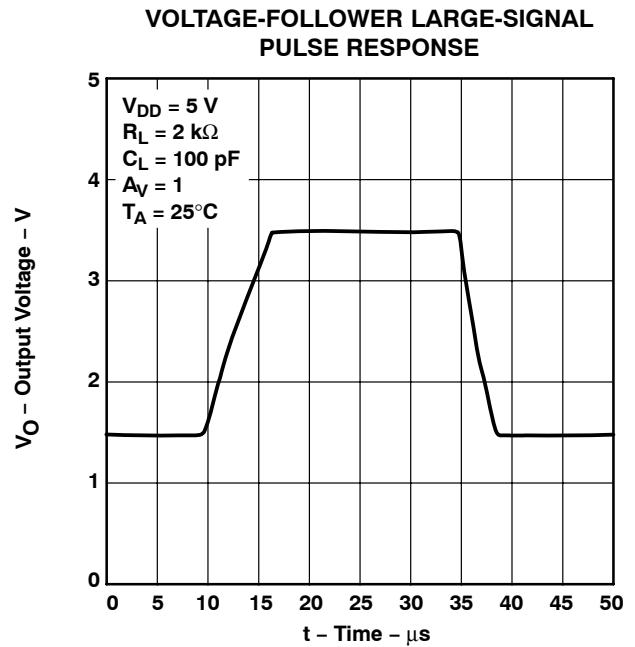


Figure 36

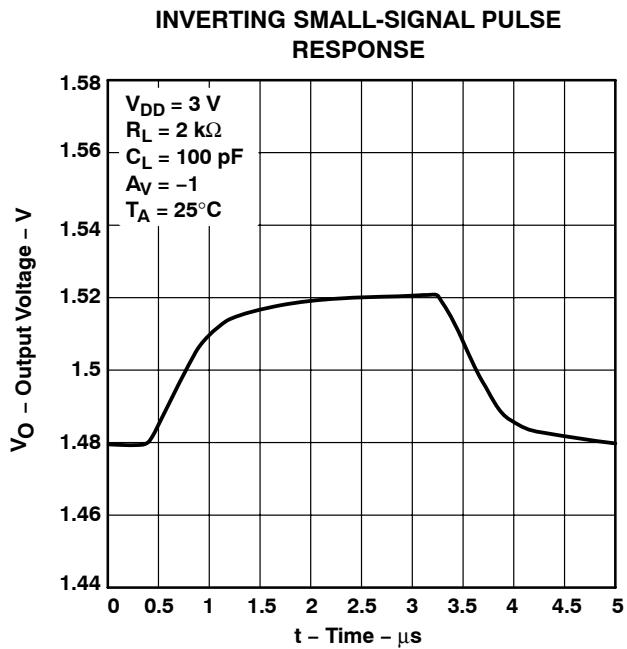


Figure 37

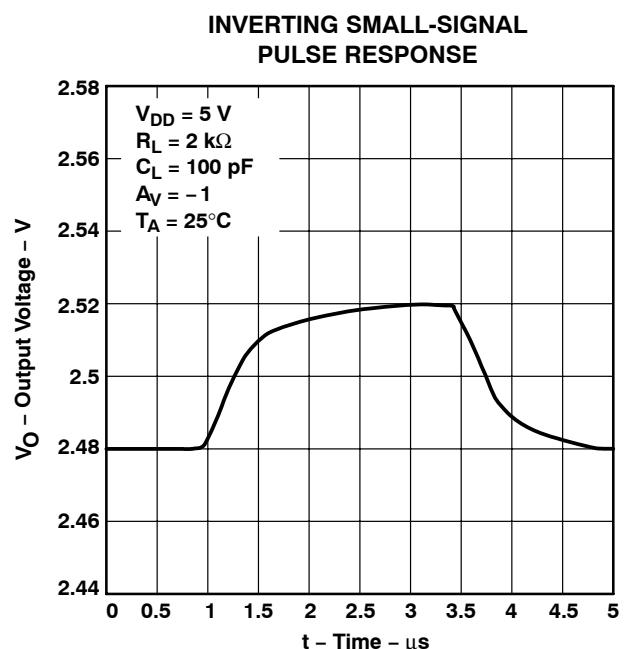


Figure 38

TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
WIDE-INPUT-VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER SMALL-SIGNAL
PULSE RESPONSE**

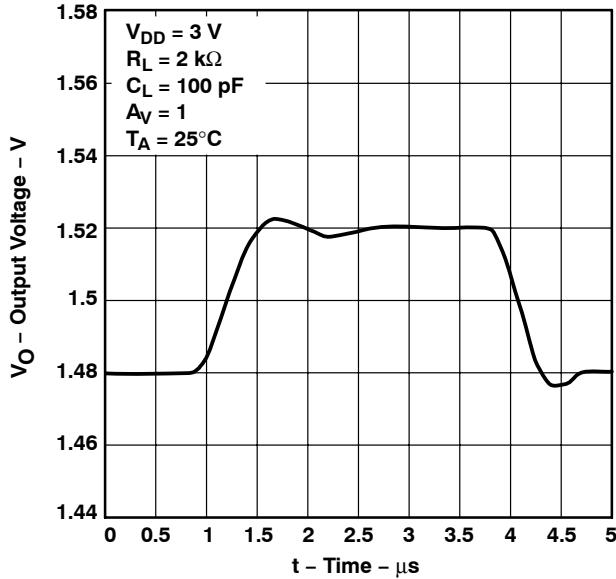


Figure 39

**VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER SMALL-SIGNAL
PULSE RESPONSE**

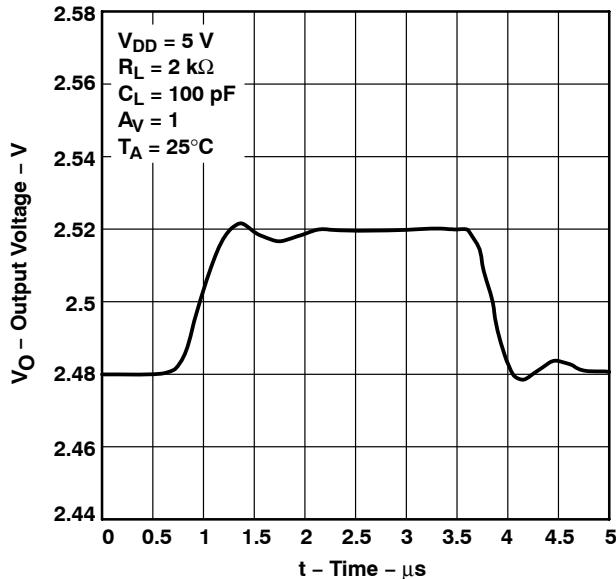


Figure 40

**EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE
vs
FREQUENCY**

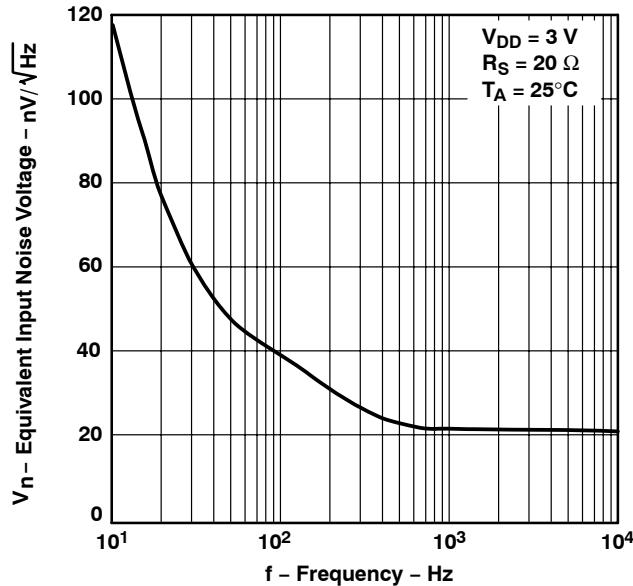


Figure 41

**EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE
vs
FREQUENCY**

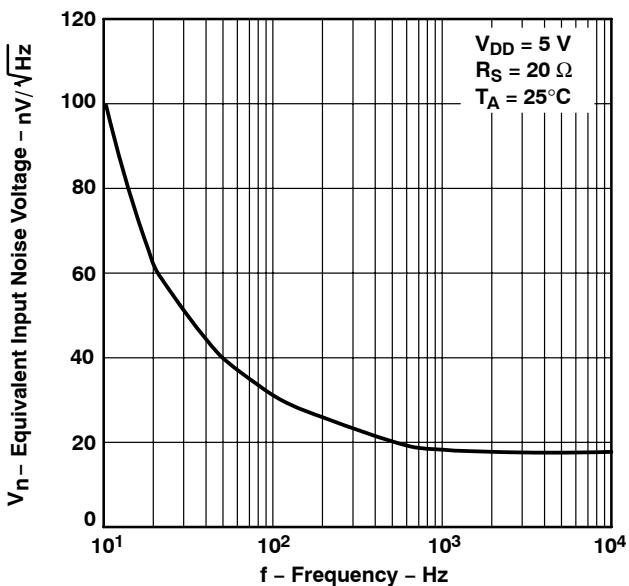


Figure 42

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

NOISE VOLTAGE OVER A 10-SECOND PERIOD

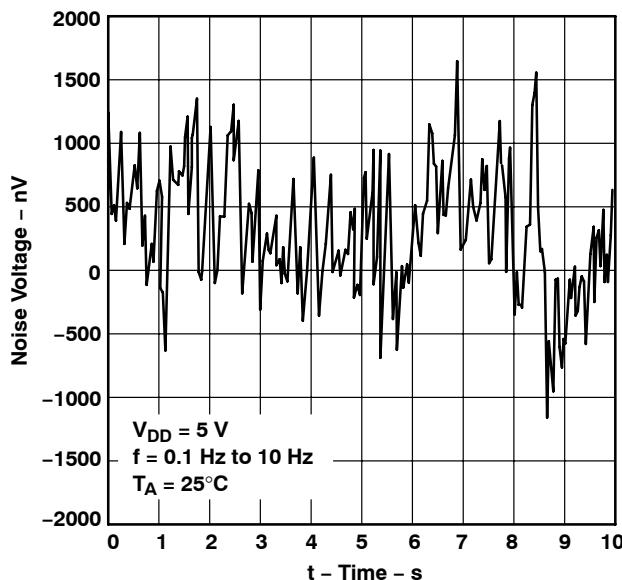


Figure 43

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE

vs
FREQUENCY

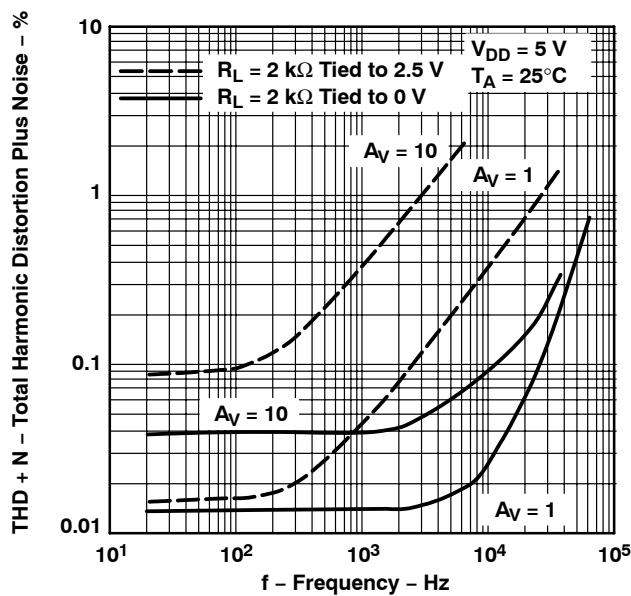


Figure 44

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE

vs
FREQUENCY

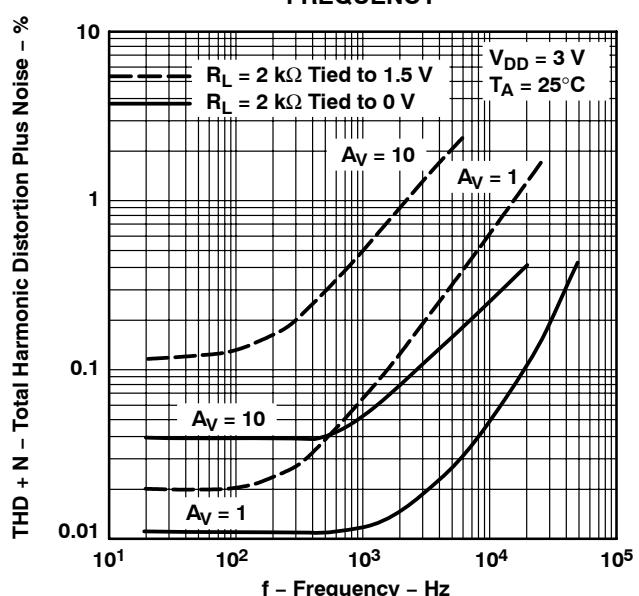


Figure 45

TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
WIDE-INPUT-VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

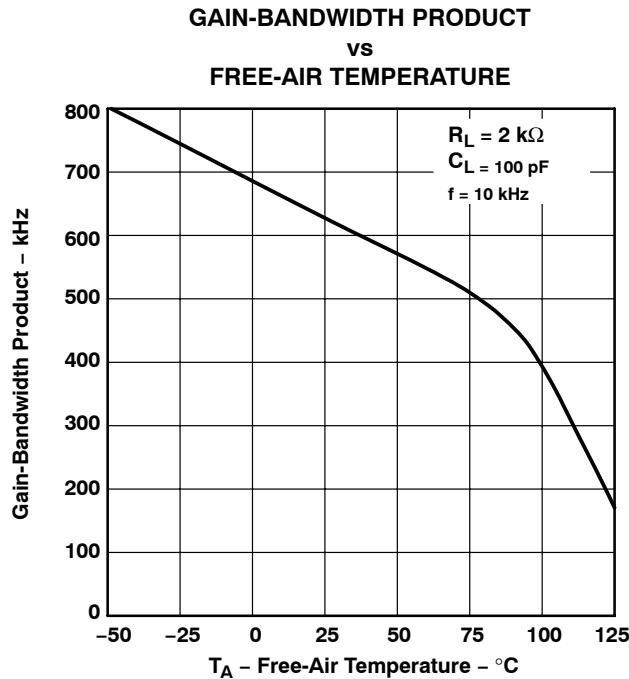


Figure 46

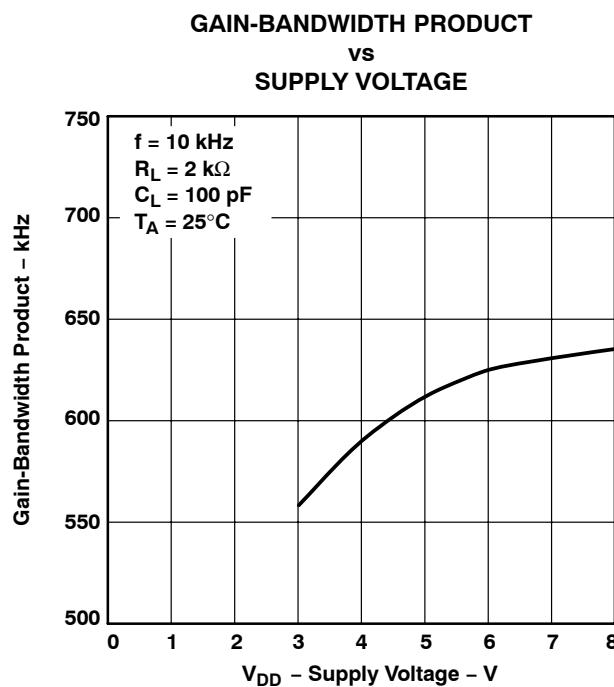


Figure 47

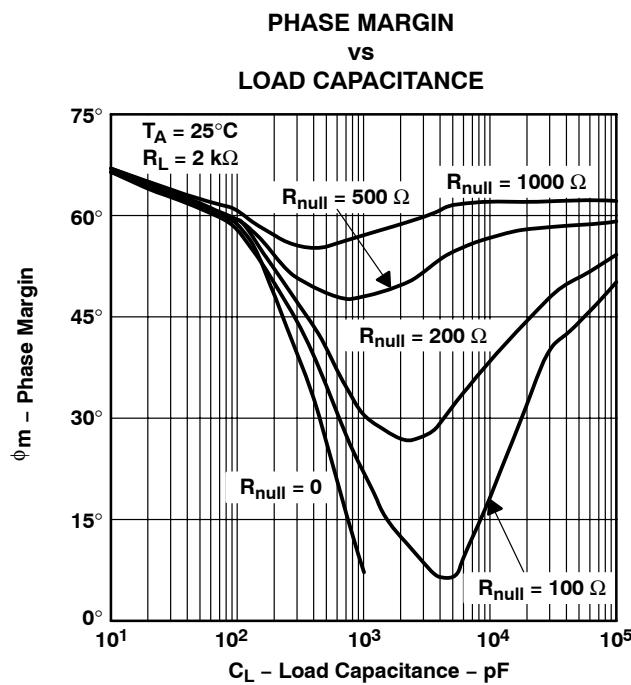


Figure 48

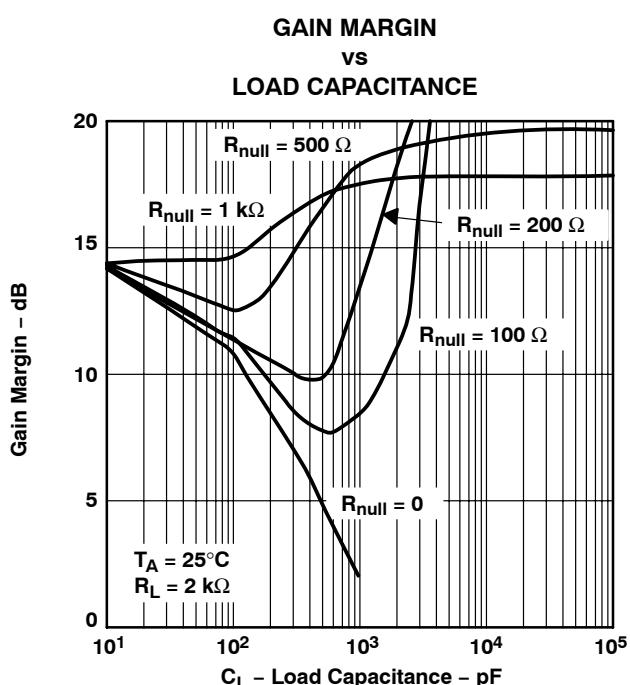


Figure 49

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

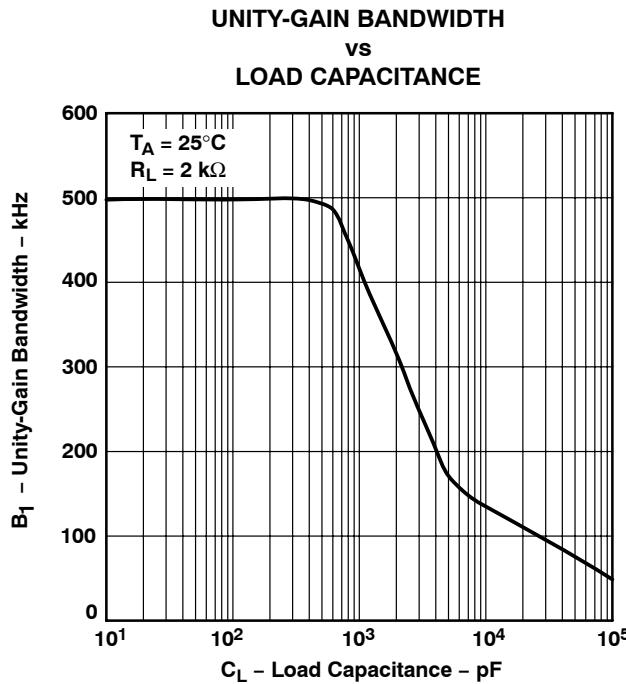


Figure 50

TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1 Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT WIDE-INPUT-VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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APPLICATION INFORMATION

macromodel information

Macromodel information provided was derived using Microsim *Parts*™, the model generation software used with Microsim *PSpice*™. The Boyle macromodel (see Note 5) and subcircuit in Figure 51 are generated using the TLV243x typical electrical and operating characteristics at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. Using this information, output simulations of the following key parameters can be generated to a tolerance of 20% (in most cases):

- Maximum positive output voltage swing
- Maximum negative output voltage swing
- Slew rate
- Quiescent power dissipation
- Input bias current
- Open-loop voltage amplification
- Unity-gain frequency
- Common-mode rejection ratio
- Phase margin
- DC output resistance
- AC output resistance
- Short-circuit output current limit

NOTE 4: G. R. Boyle, B. M. Cohn, D. O. Pederson, and J. E. Solomon, "Macromodeling of Integrated Circuit Operational Amplifiers", *IEEE Journal of Solid-State Circuits*, SC-9, 353 (1974).

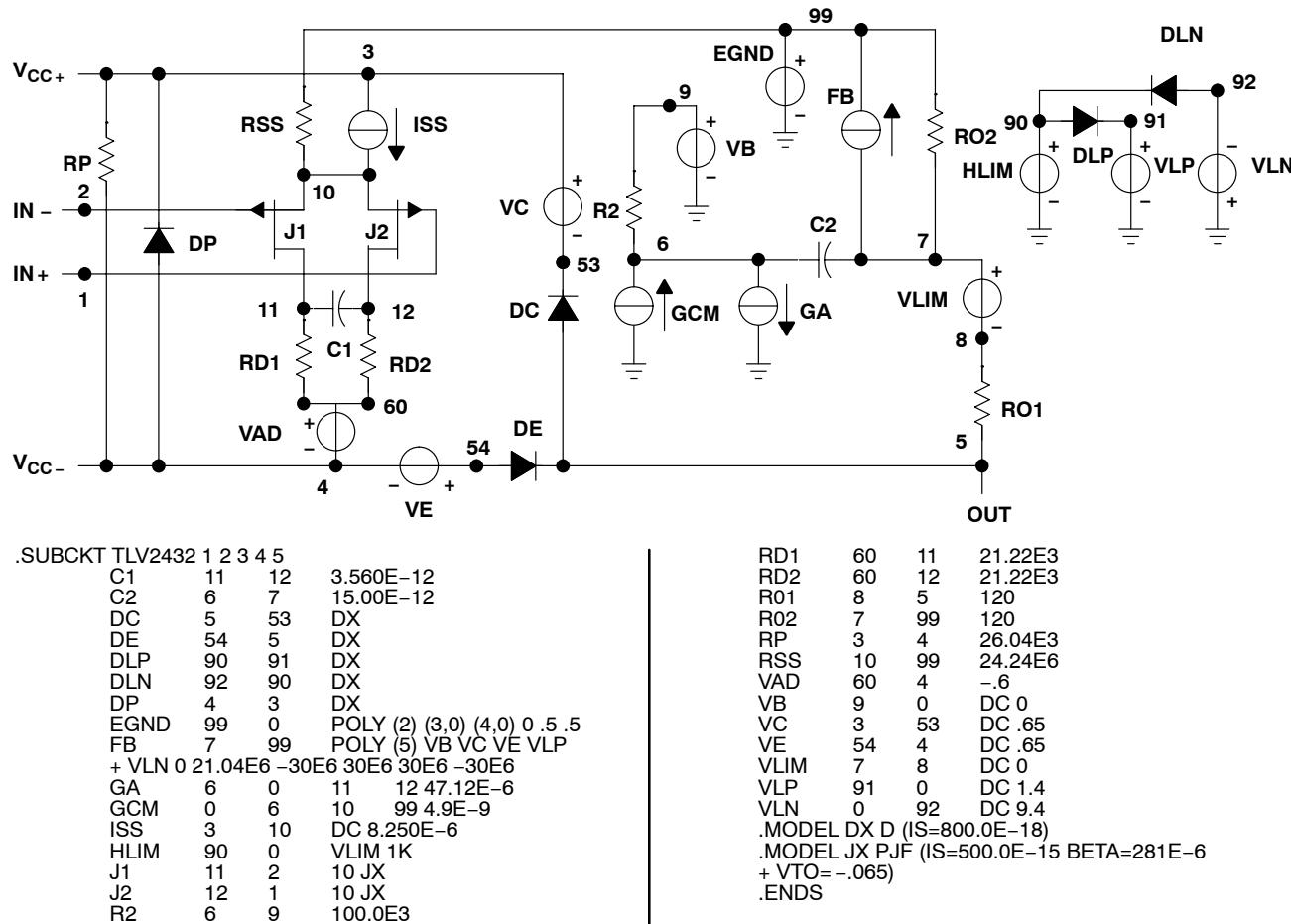


Figure 51. Boyle Macromodel and Subcircuit

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POST OFFICE BOX 655303 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TLV2432AQDRG4Q1	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	2432AQ	Samples
TLV2432AQDRQ1	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	2432AQ	Samples
TLV2432QDRG4Q1	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	2432Q1	Samples
TLV2432QDRQ1	OBsolete	SOIC	D	8		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125		
TLV2434AQDRQ1	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	2434AQ	Samples
TLV2434AQPWRQ1	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 125	2434AQ	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBsolete: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1 :

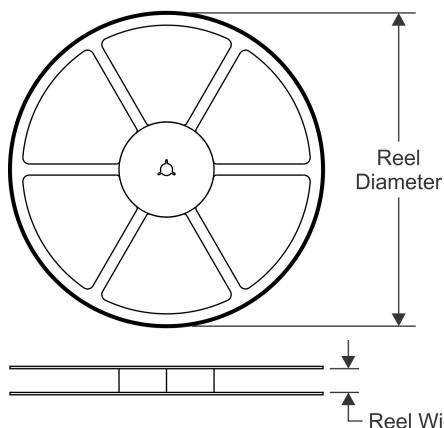
- Catalog: [TLV2432](#), [TLV2432A](#), [TLV2434A](#)
- Military: [TLV2432M](#), [TLV2432AM](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

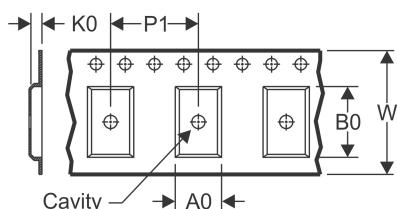
- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product
- Military - QML certified for Military and Defense Applications

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

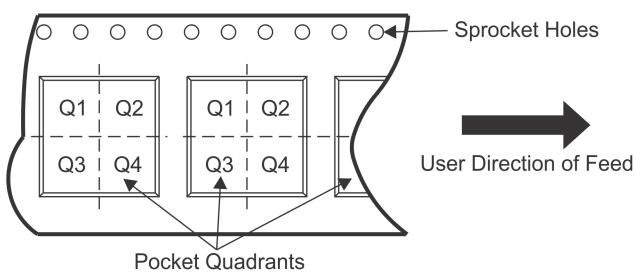


TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

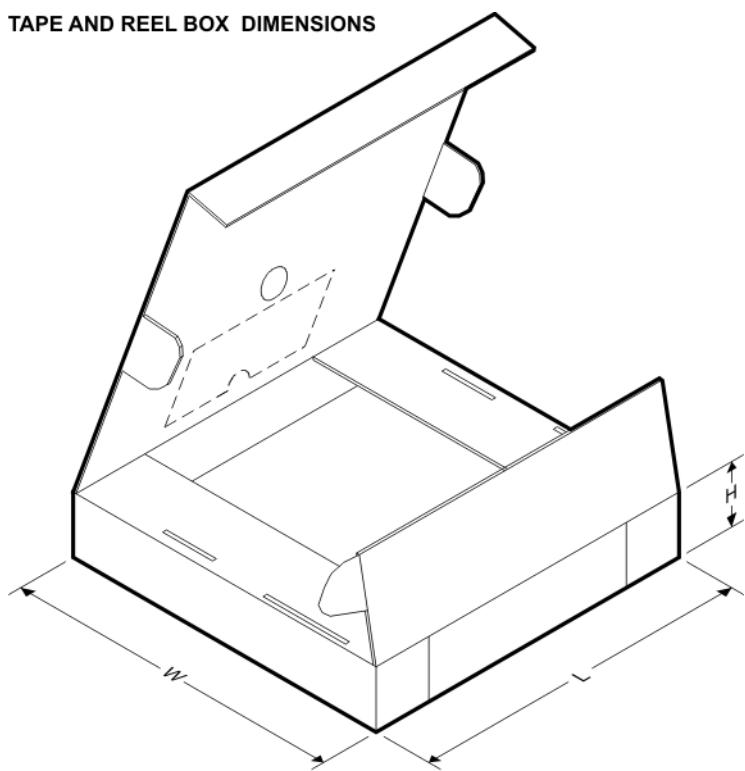
QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TLV2434AQPWRQ1	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

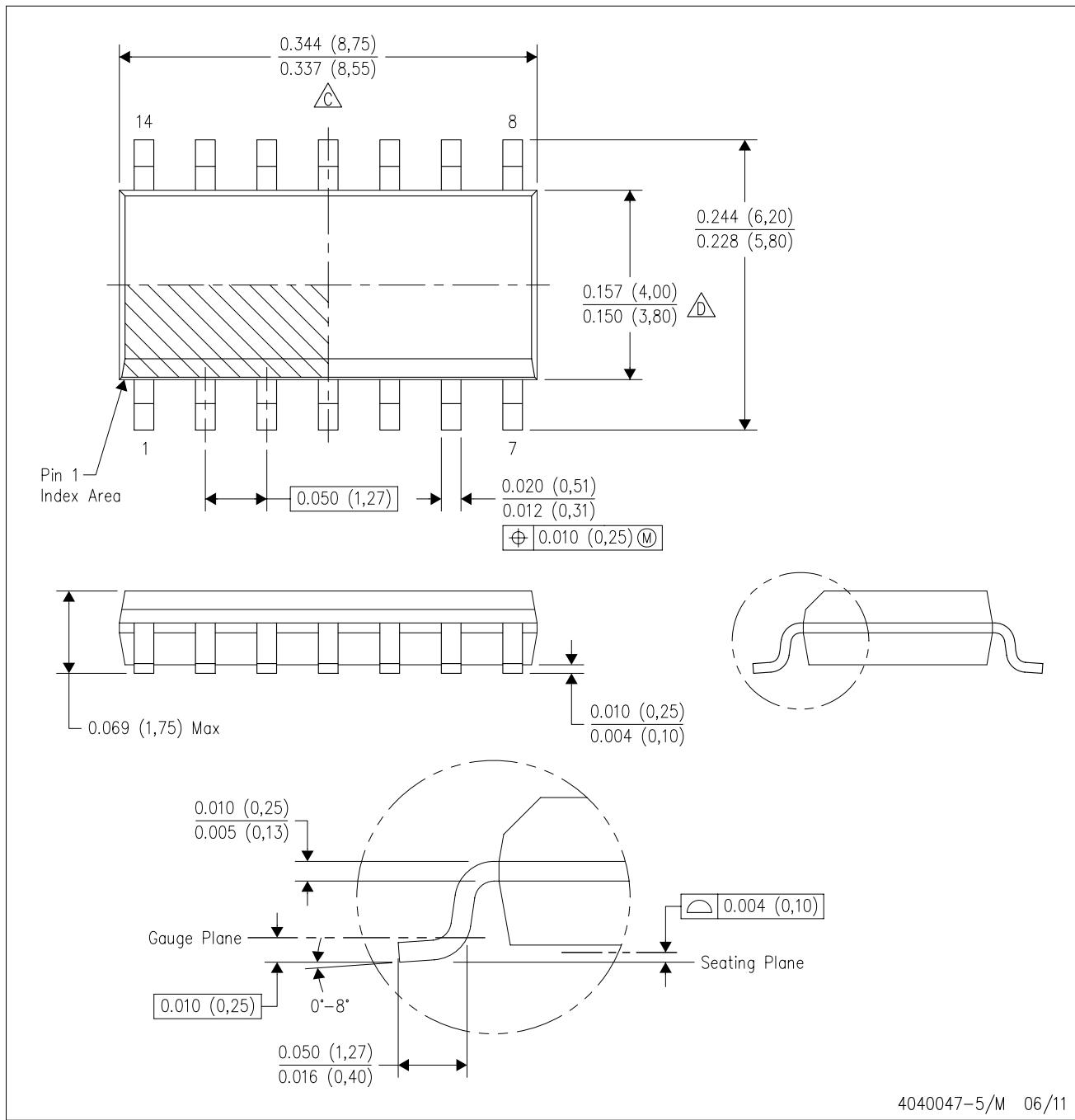


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TLV2434AQPWRQ1	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0

D (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.

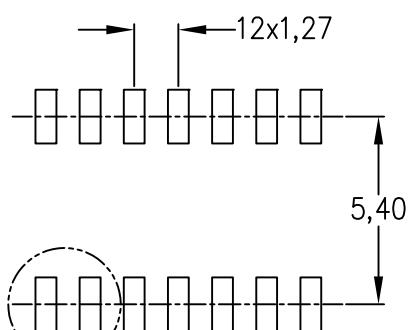
D Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AB.

LAND PATTERN DATA

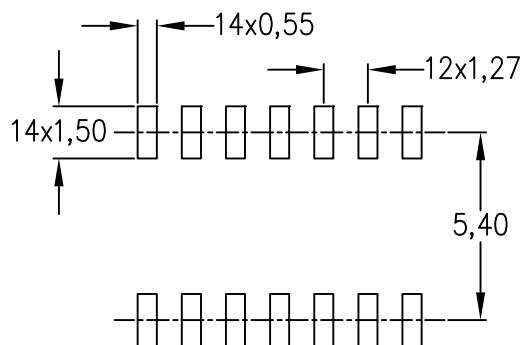
D (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

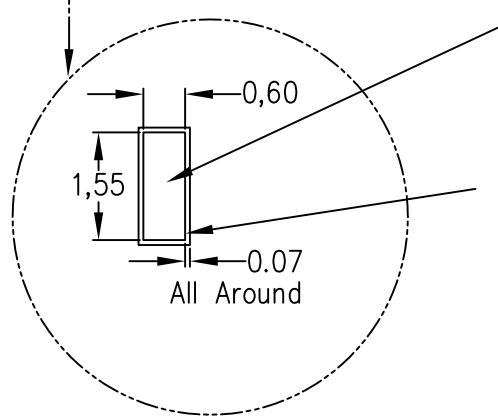
Example Board Layout
(Note C)



Stencil Openings
(Note D)



Example
Non Soldermask Defined Pad



Example
Pad Geometry
(See Note C)

Example
Solder Mask Opening
(See Note E)

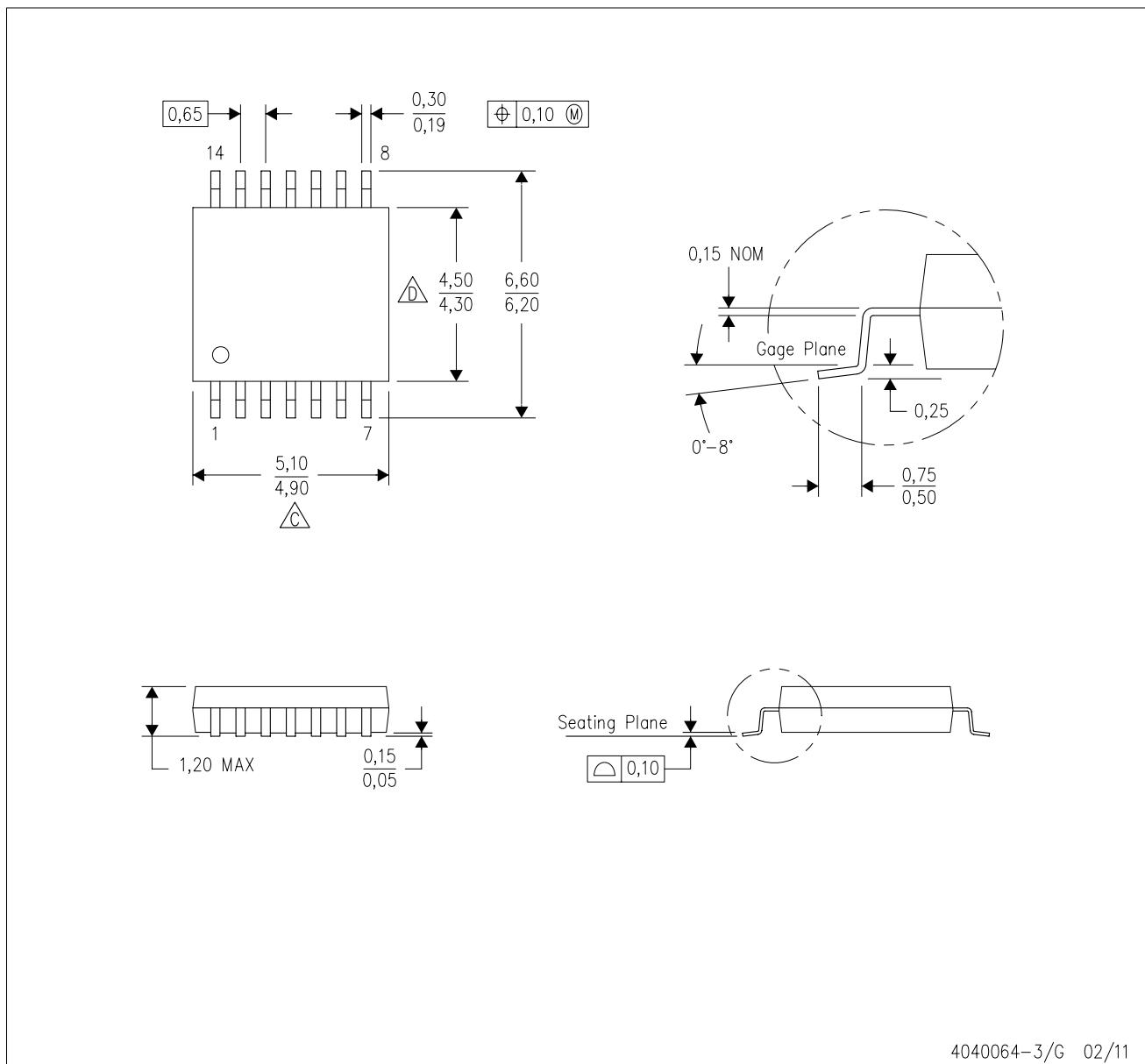
4211283-3/E 08/12

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

MECHANICAL DATA

PW (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



4040064-3/G 02/11

NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.

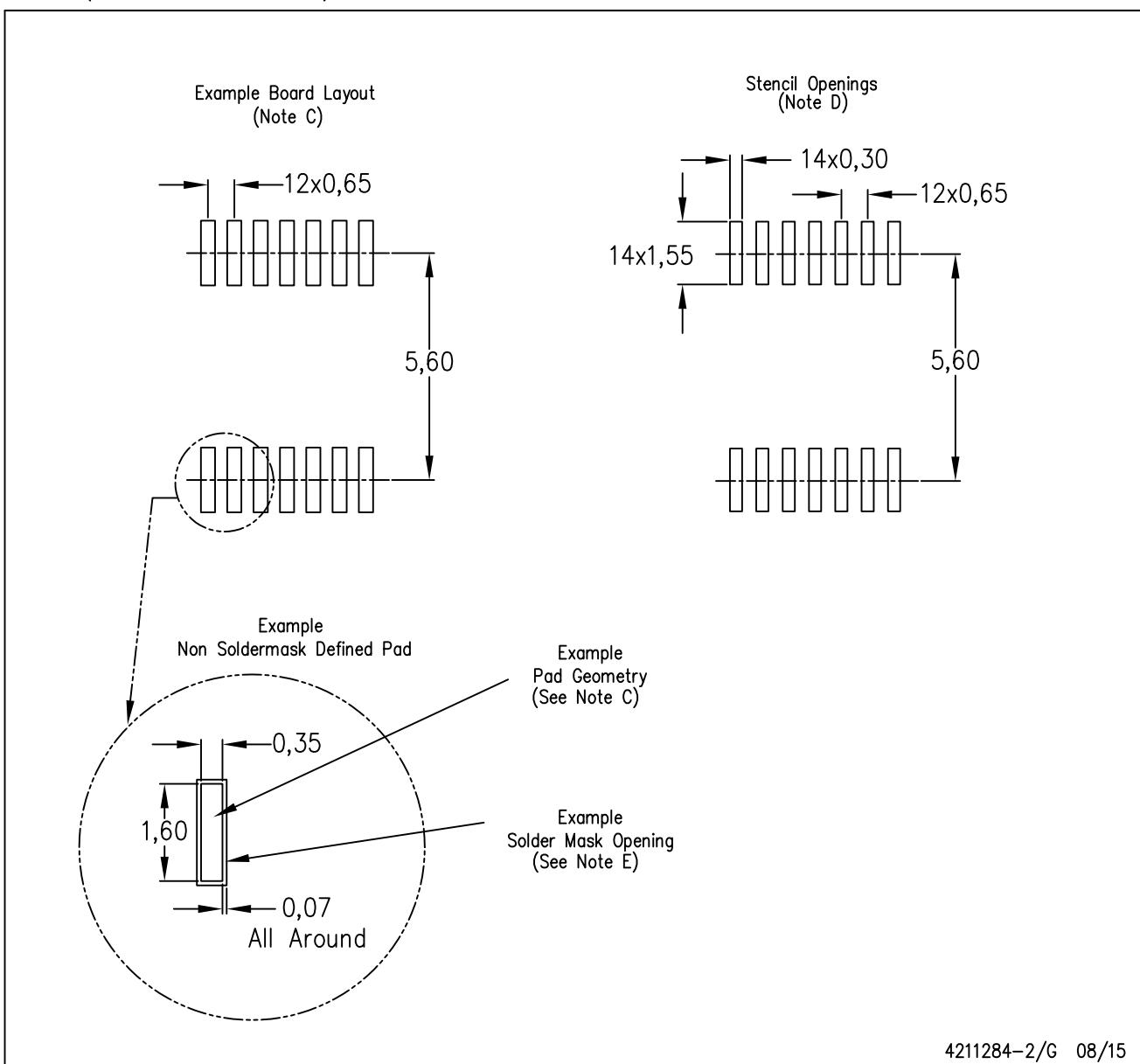
D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.

E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

LAND PATTERN DATA

PW (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

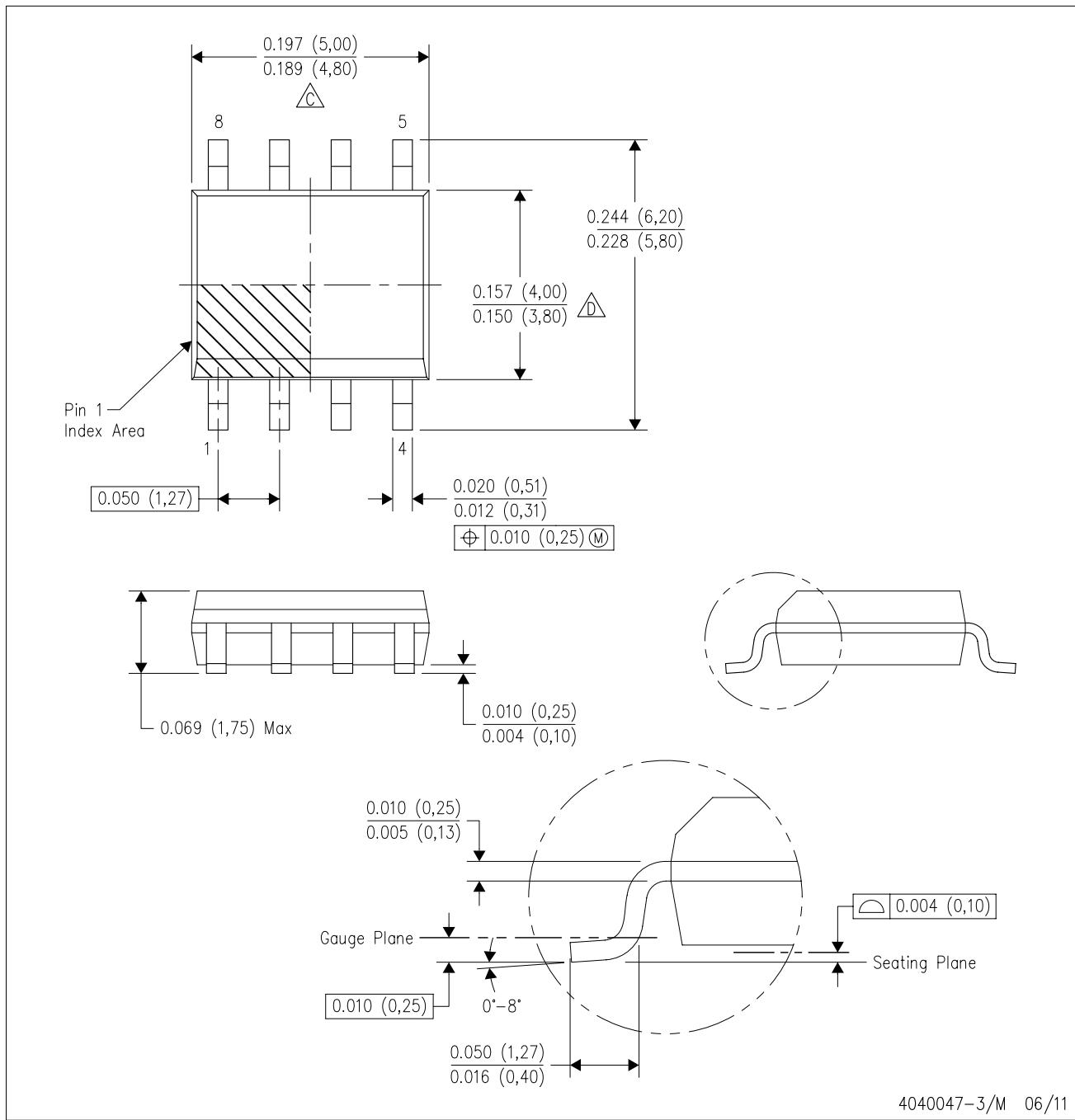


4211284-2/G 08/15

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0.15) each side.

D Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0.43) each side.

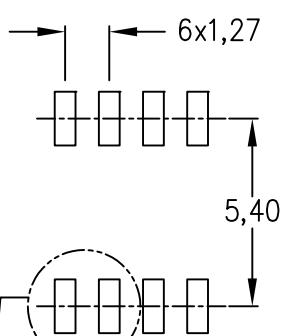
E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.

LAND PATTERN DATA

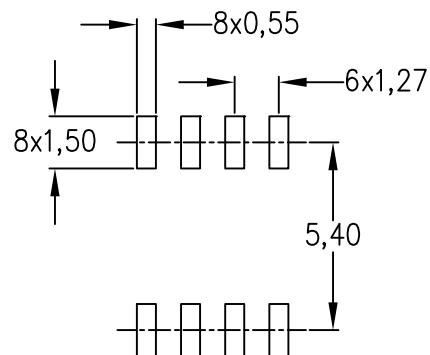
D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

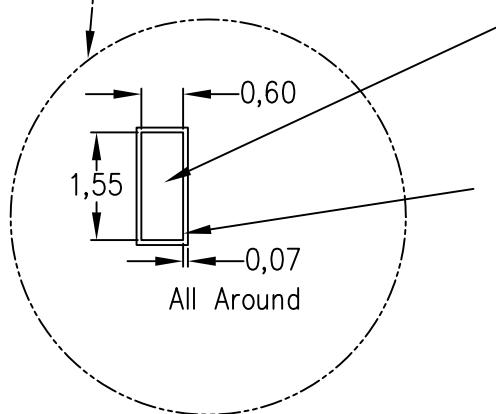
Example Board Layout
(Note C)



Stencil Openings
(Note D)



Example
Non Soldermask Defined Pad



Example
Pad Geometry
(See Note C)

Example
Solder Mask Opening
(See Note E)

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- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

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