muRata

Reference Specification

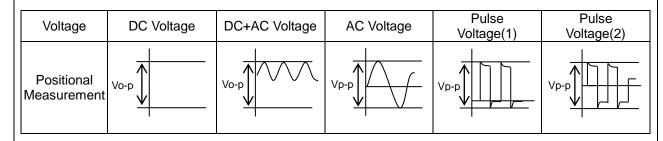
Type KX Safety Standard Certified Lead Type Disc Ceramic Capacitors for General Purpose

Product specifications in this catalog are as of May. 2018, and are subject to change or obsolescence without notice.

Please consult the approval sheet before ordering. Please read rating and Cautions first.

1. OPERATING VOLTAGE

When DC-rated capacitors are to be used in AC or ripple current circuits, be sure to maintain the Vp-p value of the applied voltage or the Vo-p which contains DC bias within the rated voltage range. When the voltage is started to apply to the circuit or it is stopped applying, the irregular voltage may be generated for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use a capacitor within rated voltage containing these irregular voltage.



2. OPERATING TEMPERATURE AND SELF-GENERATED HEAT

Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself.

When the capacitor is used in a high-frequency current, pulse current or the like, it may have the selfgenerated heat due to dielectric-loss. Applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the condition of atmosphere temperature 25 °C. When measuring, use a thermocouple of small thermal capacity-K of ϕ 0.1mm and be in the condition where capacitor is not affected by radiant heat of other components and wind of surroundings. Excessive heat may lead to deterioration of the capacitor's characteristics and reliability.(Never attempt to perform measurement with the cooling fan running. Otherwise, accurate measurement cannot be ensured.)

3. TEST CONDITION FOR WITHSTANDING VOLTAGE

(1) TEST EQUIPMENT

Test equipment for AC withstanding voltage should be used with the performance of the wave similar to 50/60 Hz sine wave.

If the distorted sine wave or over load exceeding the specified voltage value is applied, the defective may be caused.

(2) VOLTAGE APPLIED METHOD

When the withstanding voltage is applied, capacitor's lead or terminal should be firmly connected to the out-put of the withstanding voltage test equipment, and then the voltage should be raised from near zero to the test voltage.

If the test voltage without the raise from near zero voltage would be applied directly to capacitor, test voltage should be applied with the *zero cross. At the end of the test time, the test voltage should be reduced to near zero, and then capacitor's lead or terminal should be taken off the out-put of the withstanding voltage test equipment.

If the test voltage without the raise from near zero voltage would be applied directly to capacitor, the surge voltage may arise, and therefore, the defective may be caused.

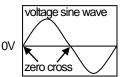
*ZERO CROSS is the point where voltage sine wave pass 0V. - See the right figure -

4. FAIL-SAFE

When capacitor would be broken, failure may result in a short circuit. Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function like a fuse on your product if failure would follow an electric shock, fire or fume.

5. VIBRATION AND IMPACT

Do not expose a capacitor or its leads to excessive shock or vibration during use.



6. SOLDERING

When soldering this product to a PCB/PWB, do not exceed the solder heat resistance specification of the capacitor. Subjecting this product to excessive heating could melt the internal junction solder and may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic element.

When soldering capacitor with a soldering iron, it should be performed in following conditions.

Temperature of iron-tip : 400 °C max.

Soldering iron wattage : 50W max.

Soldering time : 3.5s max.

7. BONDING, RESIN MOLDING AND COATING

In case of bonding, molding or coating this product, verify that these processes do not affect the quality of capacitor by testing the performance of the bonded, molded or coated product in the intended equipment.

In case of the amount of applications, dryness / hardening conditions of adhesives and molding resins containing organic solvents (ethyl acetate, methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, etc.) are unsuitable, the outer coating resin of a capacitor is damaged by the organic solvents and it may result, worst case, in a short circuit.

The variation in thickness of adhesive, molding resin or coating may cause a outer coating resin cracking and/or ceramic element cracking of a capacitor in a temperature cycling.

8. TREATMENT AFTER BONDING, RESIN MOLDING AND COATING

When the outer coating is hot (over 100 $^{\circ}$ C) after soldering, it becomes soft and fragile. So please be careful not to give it mechanical stress.

Failure to follow the above cautions may result, worst case, in a short circuit and cause fuming or partial dispersion when the product is used.

9. OPERATING AND STORAGE ENVIRONMENT

The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. And avoid exposure to moisture. Before cleaning, bonding, or molding this product, verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed -10 to 40 °C and 15 to 85%.

Use capacitors within 6 months after delivered. Check the solderability after 6 months or more.

10. LIMITATION OF APPLICATIONS

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

- 1. Aircraft equipment
- 2. Aerospace equipment
- 3. Undersea equipment
- 4. Power plant control equipment
- 5. Medical equipment
- 6. Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)
- 7. Traffic signal equipment
- 8. Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment
- 9. Data-processing equipment exerting influence on public
- 10. Application of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above.

NOTICE

1. CLEANING (ULTRASONIC CLEANING)

To perform ultrasonic cleaning, observe the following conditions.

Rinse bath capacity : Output of 20 watts per liter or less.

Rinsing time : 5 min maximum.

Do not vibrate the PCB/PWB directly.

Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to fatigue destruction of the lead wires.

2. CAPACITANCE CHANGE OF CAPACITORS

· Class 1 capacitors

Capacitance might change a little depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. Please contact us if you use for the strict time constant circuit.

· Class 2 and 3 capacitors

Class 2 and 3 capacitors like temperature characteristic B, E and F have an aging characteristic, whereby the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance slightly if the capacitor leaves for a long time. Moreover, capacitance might change greatly depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. So, it is not likely to be able to use for the time constant circuit. Please contact us if you need a detail information.

3. PERFORMANCE CHECK BY EQUIPMENT

Before using a capacitor, check that there is no problem in the equipment's performance and the specifications.

Generally speaking, CLASS 2 ceramic capacitors have voltage dependence characteristics and temperature dependence characteristics in capacitance. So, the capacitance value may change depending on the operating condition in a equipment. Therefore, be sure to confirm the apparatus performance of receiving influence in a capacitance value change of a capacitor, such as leakage current and noise suppression characteristic.

Moreover, check the surge-proof ability of a capacitor in the equipment, if needed, because the surge voltage may exceed specific value by the inductance of the circuit.

\land ΝΟΤΕ

1.Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.

2. You are requested not to use our product deviating from this specification.

1. Application

This specification is applied to Safety Standard Certified Lead Type Disc Ceramic Capacitors Type KX used for General Electric equipment.

Type KX is Safety Standard Certified capacitors of Class X1,Y1.

Do not use these products in any automotive power train or safety equipment including battery chargers for electric vehicles and plug-in hybrids.

	Standard number	*Certified number	AC Rated volt. V(r.m.s.)
UL	UL60384-14	E37921	
CSA	CSA E60384-14	1343810	
VDE	IEC60384-14, EN60384-14	40002831	
BSI	EN60065 (8.8,14.2), IEC60384-14, EN60384-14	KM 37901	
SEMKO		1612604	X1:440
DEMKO		D-05321	Y1:300
FIMKO	IEC60384-14, EN60384-14	FI 29602	
NEMKO	EN00304-14	P16221232	
ESTI		18.0079	
IMQ	EN60384-14	V4069	
CQC	IEC60384-14	CQC12001079941	

*Above Certified number may be changed on account of the revision of standards and the renewal of certification.

2. Rating

2-1. Operating temperature range

-40 ~ +125°C

2-2. Part number configuration

ex.) <u>DE1</u>	E3	KX	472	Μ	A4	B	P01F
Product	Temperature	Туре	Capacitance	Capacitance	Lead	Packing	Individual
code	characteristic	name		tolerance	code	style code	specification

• Product code

DE1 denotes X1,Y1 class .

• Temperature characteristic

Code	Temperature characteristic
B3	В
E3	E

Please confirm detailed specification on [Specification and test methods].

• Type name

This denotes safety certified type name Type KX.

Capacitance

The first two digits denote significant figures ; the last digit denotes the multiplier of 10 in pF. ex.) In case of 472.

• Capacitance tolerance Please refer to [Part number list].

Lead code

Code	Lead	style			
A*	Vertical crimp long type				
B*	Vertical arima abort tuna	Lead Length : 5mm			
۶L	Vertical crimp short type	Lead Length : 3.5mm			
N*	Vertical crimp taping type				
* Please refer to [Part number list]					

* Please refer to [Part number list]

Packing style code

Code	Packing type
В	Bulk type
A	Ammo pack taping type

• Individual specification

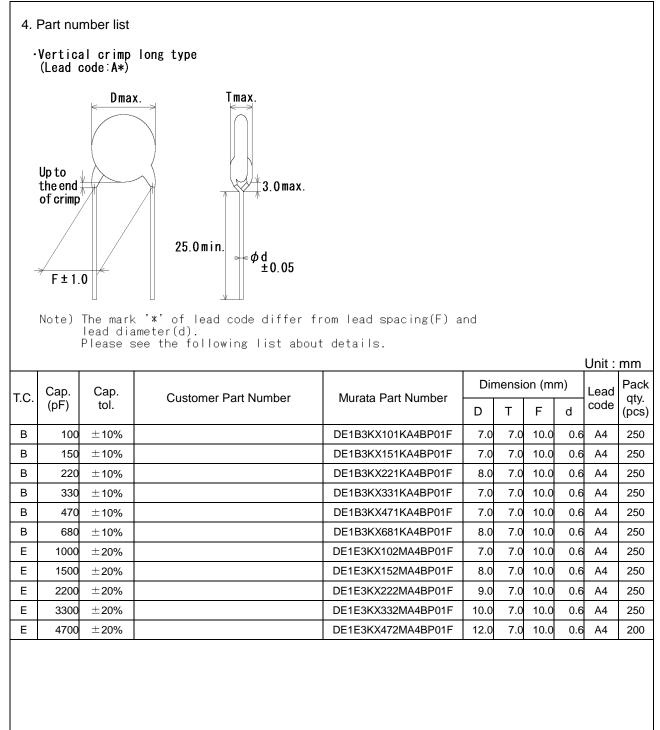
In case part number cannot be identified without 'individual specification', it is added at the end of part number.

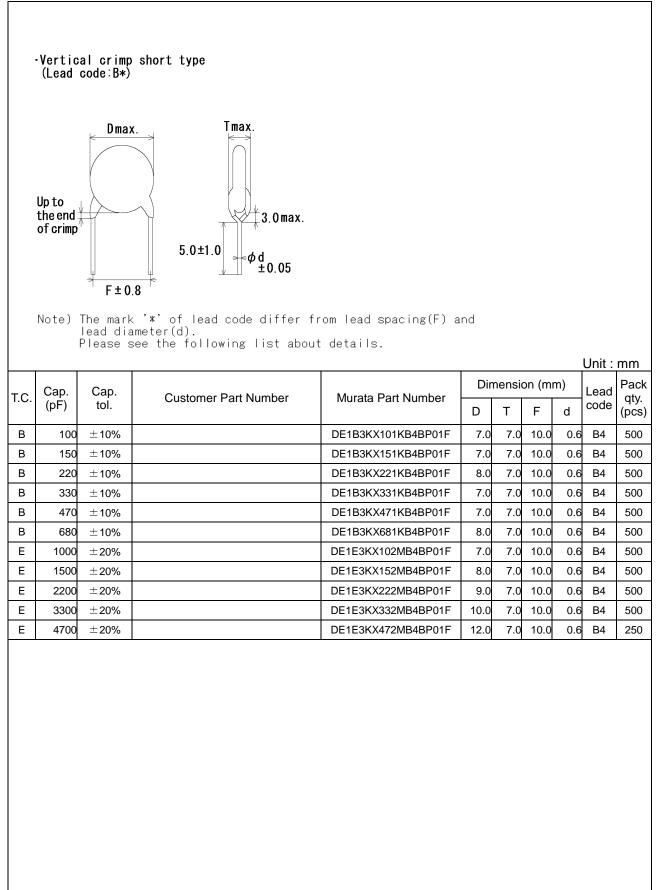
ond of parthambon.	
Code	Specification
P01F	 Rated voltage : AC300V(r.m.s.) Halogen free Br ≤ 900ppm, CI ≤ 900ppm Br + CI ≤ 1500ppm CP wire

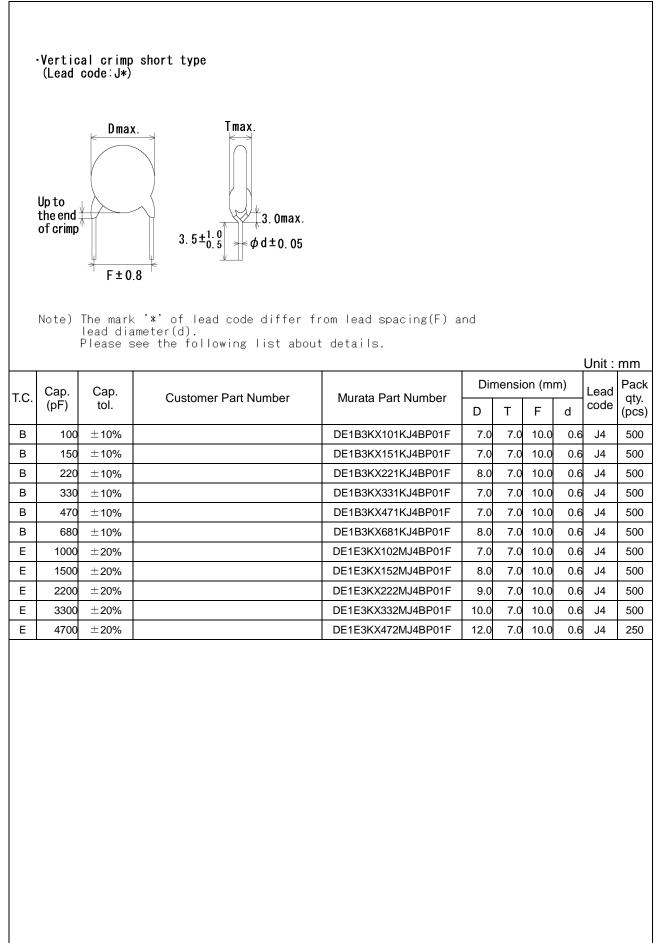
Note) Murata part numbers might be changed depending on lead code or any other changes. Therefore, please specify only the type name(KX) and capacitance of products in the parts list when it is required for applying safety standard of electric equipment.

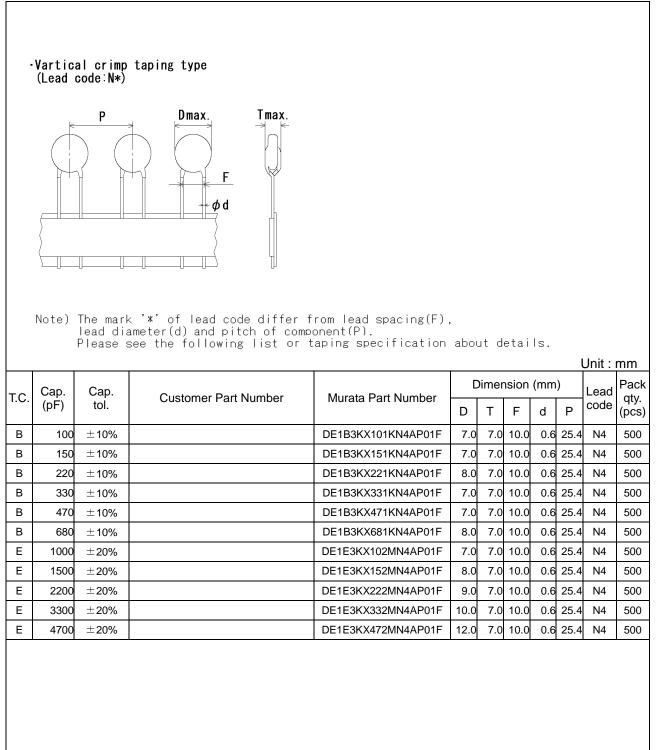
KX300~ X1Y1 HF 5D (M15

3. Marking	
Nominal capacitance Capacitance tolerance Type name Rated voltage mark Class code Halogen free mark Manufacturing year Manufacturing month	: 3 digit system : Code : KX : 300~ : X1Y1 : HF : Letter code(The last digit of A.D. year.) : Code $\begin{pmatrix} Feb./Mar. \rightarrow 2 & Aug./Sep. \rightarrow 8 \\ Apr./May \rightarrow 4 & Oct./Nov. \rightarrow O \\ Jun./Jul. \rightarrow 6 & Dec./Jan. \rightarrow D \end{pmatrix}$
Company name code	: Cm15 (Made in Thailand) (Example) 472M







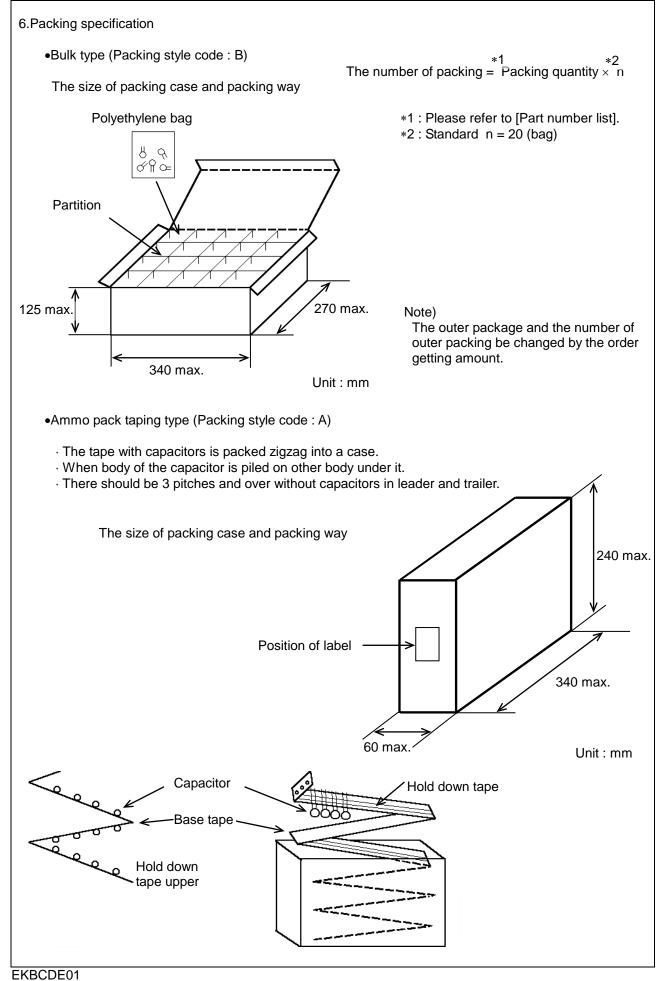


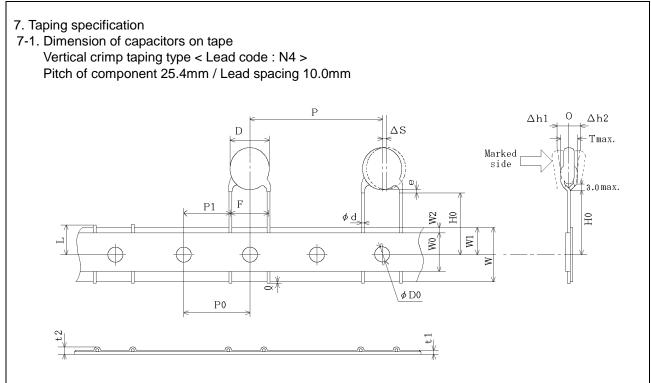
No.	pecification and		0					
1	Appearance and		Spec	cification			method	
	Appearance and dimensions		No marked def	ect on appearance			nspected by naked eyes	
			form and dime			sible evidence of del		
2	Marking			[Part number list]		easured with slide calipers. nspected by naked eyes.		
2	Dielectric	Between lead	No failure.	be easily legible. failure		capacitor should be i		
0	strength	wires	No failure.		AC4 lead	000V(r.m.s.)<50/60H wires for 60 s.	z> is applied between the	
		Body insulation	No failure.		First, conn Then close the b to the abou from Then conta diam Final	, the terminals of the ected together. h, a metal foil should sly wrapped around ody of the capacitor e distance of it 3 to 6mm each terminal. h, the capacitor shoul ainer filled with metal leter. ly, AC4000V (r.m.s.)- between the capacit	be Metal foil Construction Metal	
4	Insulation Resista	nce (I.R.)	10 000ΜΩ min		The insulation resistance sh DC500 \pm 50V within 60 \pm 5 s o The voltage should be applie through a resistor of 1M Ω .		s of charging. plied to the capacitor	
5	Capacitance		Within specifie	d tolerance.	The	The capacitance should be measured at 1±0.1kHz and AC5V(r.m.s.) max		
6	Dissipation Factor	r (D.F.)	2.5% max.		The	The dissipation factor should be measured with 1±0.1kHz and AC5V(r.m.s.) max		
7	Temperature char	acteristic	Char. B : With Char. E : With (Temp. range :	nin +20/-55%	The capacitance measurement should each step specified in Table.			
				Step Temp.(°C)	1 20±2	2 3 -25±2 20±2	4 5 85±2 20±2	
8	Active flammabilit	у	The cheese-cle on fire.	oth should not be	least chee to 20 disch main <u>si</u>	i one but more than t ise-cloth. The capaci o discharges. The inten- narges should be 5 s itained for 2min after $\frac{F}{Tr} \underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} L1 \\ g_2 \end{array} \underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} L1 \\ g_2 } \\ \underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} L1 \\ g_2 \end{array} \underbrace$	$\frac{2}{100} = \frac{R}{Ct} = \frac{1}{Ct} ut$ $\frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{Ct} = 1$	
						L	time	

			Reference only	
No.	Item	-	Specification	Test method
9	Robustness of terminations	Tensile	Lead wire should not cut off. Capacitor should not be broken.	Fix the body of capacitor, a tensile weight gradually to each lead wire in the radial direction of capacitor up to 10N and keep it for 10±1 s.
		Bending		With the termination in its normal position, the capacitor is held by its body in such a manner that the axis of the termination is vertical; a mass applying a force of 5N is then suspended from the end of the termination.
				The body of the capacitor is then inclined, within a period of 2 to 3 s, through an angle of approximately 90° in the vertical plane and then returned to its initial position over the same period of time; this operation constitutes one bend. One bend immediately followed by a second bend in the opposite direction.
10	Vibration	Appearance	No marked defect.	The capacitor should be firmly soldered to the
	resistance	Capacitance D.F.	Within the specified tolerance. 2.5% max.	supporting lead wire and vibration which is 10 to 55Hz in the vibration frequency range,1.5mm in total amplitude, and about 1min in the rate of vibration change from 10Hz to 55Hz and back to 10Hz is applied for a total of 6 h; 2 h each in 3 mutually perpendicular directions.
11	Solderability of lead		Lead wire should be soldered With uniformly coated on the axial direction over 3/4 of the circumferential direction.	The lead wire of a capacitor should be dipped into a ethanol solution of 25wt% rosin and then into molten solder for 2±0.5 s. In both cases the depth of dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of lead wires. Temp. of solder : 245±5°C Lead Free Solder (Sn-3Ag-0.5Cu) 235±5°C H63 Eutectic Solder
12	Soldering effect	Appearance	No marked defect.	Solder temperature: 350±10°C or 260±5°C
	(Non-preheat)	Capacitance change I.R.	Within ±10%	Immersion time : 3.5±0.5 s (In case of 260±5°C : 10±1 s)
		Dielectric	1 000MΩ min. Per item 3	The depth of immersion is up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of lead wires.
		strength		Thermal insulating 1.5 to 2.0mm Molten solder
				Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 h, then placed at *1room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 h at *1room condition.
13	Soldering effect (On-preheat)	Appearance	No marked defect.	First the capacitor should be stored at 120+0/-5°C for 60+0/-5 s.
	(On preneat)	Capacitance change	Within ±10%	Then, as in figure, the lead wires should be
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.	immersed solder of 260+0/-5°C up to 1.5 to 2.0mm
		Dielectric	Per item 3	from the root of terminal for 7.5+0/-1 s.
		strength		Thermal insulating
				Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 h, then placed at * ¹ room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 to
				2 h at *1room condition.
* ¹ "roo	om condition" Tempe	rature: 15 to 35°	C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atr	nospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa
ESK)	(04B			

			Reference only	
No.	Item		Specification	Test method
14	Flame test		The capacitor flame discontinue as follows.	The capacitor should be subjected to applied flame for 15 s. and then removed for 15 s until 5 cycle.
			CycleTime1 to 430 s max.560 s max.	Capacitor Fiame
15	Passive flammability		The burning time should not be exceeded the time 30 s. The tissue paper should not ignite.	The capacitor under test should be held in the flame in the position which best promotes burning. Time of exposure to flame is for 30 s. Length of flame : 12±1mm Gas burner : Length 35mm min. Inside Dia. 0.5±0.1mm Outside Dia. 0.9mm max. Gas : Butane gas Purity 95% min.
				About 8mm Gas burner - Flame 200±5mm - Tissue About 10mm thick board
16	Humidity	Appearance	No marked defect.	Set the capacitor for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to
10	(Under steady state)	Capacitance change	Char. B : Within ±10% Char. E : Within ±15%	95% relative humidity.
		D.F.	5.0% max.	Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 h at *1room condition.
		I.R.	3000MΩ min.	-
		Dielectric strength	Per item 3	
17	Humidity loading	Appearance	No marked defect.	Apply the rated voltage for 500 ± 12 h at 40 ± 2 °C in
		Capacitance change	Char. B : Within ±10% Char. E : Within ±15%	90 to 95% relative humidity.
		D.F.	5.0% max.	Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 h at *1room condition.
		I.R.	3000MΩ min.	
		Dielectric strength	Per item 3	
			C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atm	
	K04B			

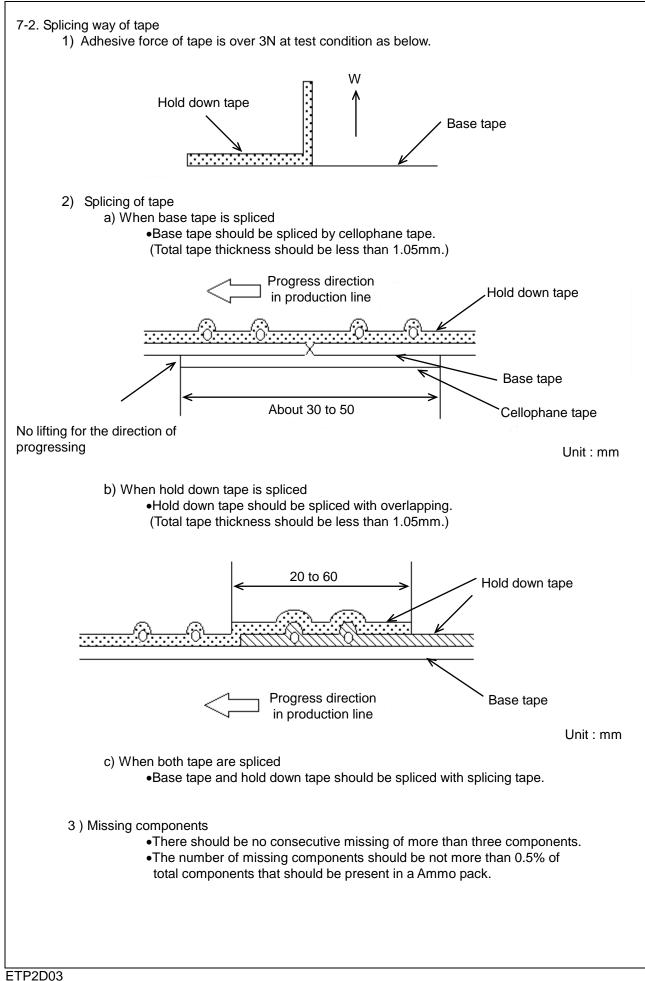
No.	•.		Reference only	1		- ·			
18	ltem Life		Specification	Impula	o voltor	Test m	nethod		
10	LIIE	Appearance Capacitance	No marked defect. Within ±20%		e voltag dividua	e I capacitor s	should be	subjected	to a
		change				or three tim			
		I.R.	3000MΩ min.			ife test.			
		Dielectric	Per item 3						
		strength		10	0 <u>(%)</u>	F	ront time (T1)) = 1.2 µ s=1.6	7T
		Ũ				⊺	ime to half-va	alue (T2) = 50 µ	lS
				0	╢┰║		t		
					<u>'T1'</u>	2			
					· ·	2			
				The ca	pacitors	are placed	in a circu	lating air g	ven
						1000 h.		J	
				The air	in the c	oven is main	tained at	a tempera	ture
						, and relativ			
						e test, the ca			
						m.s.)<50/60			
						ency, excep ncreased to			
					laye is ii	increased to	ACTOOD	v(1.111.5.) ic	<i>I</i> 0.1
				Post-tr	eatment	: Capacito	r should h	he stored f	or 1 to
				1 001 11	oatmont		room con		01 1 0
19	Temperature and	Appearance	No marked defect.	The ca	pacitor s	should be su	ubjected t	o 5 tempe	rature
	immersion cycle	Capacitance	Char. B : Within ±10%			onsecutively			
		change	Char. E : Within ±20%	-		-			
				<temp< td=""><td>erature</td><td>cycle></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></temp<>	erature	cycle>			
		D.F.	5.0% max.		Step	Temperatu	re(°C)	Time	1
					1	-40+0		30 min	
		I.R.	3000MΩ min.		2	Room te		3 min	
		Dielectric	Per item 3		3	+125+3		30 min	
		strength			4	Room te		3 min	
								cle time :	5 cvc
							0)		
				<imme< td=""><td>rsion cy</td><td>cle></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></imme<>	rsion cy	cle>			
					,			Immer	sion
				Step	Temp	erature(°C)	Time	wate	
						/ -		Clea	
				1	+6	65+5/-0	15 min	wate	
				2		0±3	15 min	Sal	t
				2		0±3	13 11111	wate	er
							Cy	cle time :	2 cyc
				Pre-tre	atment	: Capacito	r should b	be stored a	at
				Pre-tre	atment	: Capacito 85±2°C f	r should b or 1 h, the	be stored a en placed	at at
				Pre-tre	atment	85±2°C f	or 1 h, the	be stored a en placed a or 24±2 h.	at at
						85±2°C f *1room c	or 1 h, the ondition fo	en placed a or 24±2 h.	at
						85±2°C f *1room c : Capacito	or 1 h, the ondition fo r should b	en placed a or 24±2 h. oe stored f	at
1				Post-tre	eatment	85±2°C f *1room c : Capacito 24 h at *	or 1 h, the ondition fo r should b ¹ room coi	en placed a or 24±2 h. oe stored f	at
¹ "roo	om condition" Tempe	erature: 15 to 35°	C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atm	Post-tre	eatment	85±2°C f *1room c : Capacito 24 h at *	or 1 h, the ondition fo r should b ¹ room coi	en placed a or 24±2 h. oe stored f	at
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Unit : mm

Item	Code	Dimensions	Remarks	
Pitch of component	Р	25.4±2.0		
Pitch of sprocket hole	P0	12.7±0.3		
Lead spacing	F	10.0±1.0		
Length from hole center to lead	P1	7.7±1.5		
Body diameter	D	Please refer to [Part number list].		
Deviation along tape, left or right	ΔS	0±2.0	They include deviation by lead bend .	
Carrier tape width	W	18.0±0.5		
Position of sprocket hole	W1	9.0±0.5	Deviation of tape width direction	
Lead distance between reference and bottom planes	H0	18.0± ^{2.0} ₀		
Protrusion length	Q	+0.5~-1.0		
Diameter of sprocket hole	φD0	4.0±0.1		
Lead diameter	φd	0.60±0.05		
Total tape thickness	t1	0.6±0.3	They include hold down tape thickness.	
Total thickness, tape and lead wire	t2	1.5 max.		
Deviation across tape, front	∆h1	2.0 max.		
Deviation across tape, rear	∆h2			
Portion to cut in case of defect	L	11.0± ⁰ _{1.0}		
Hold down tape width	WO	11.5 min.		
Hold down tape position	W2	1.5±1.5		
Coating extension on lead	е	Up to the end of c	Up to the end of crimp	
Body thickness	Т	Please refer to [P	Please refer to [Part number list].	



EU RoHS and Halogen Free

This products of the following crresponds to EU RoHS and Halogen Free

(1) RoHS

EU RoHs 2011/65/EC compliance

maximum concentration values tolerated by weight in homogeneous materials •1000 ppm maximum Lead

- •1000 ppm maximum Mercury
- •100 ppm maximum Cadmium
- •1000 ppm maximum Hexavalent chromium
- •1000 ppm maximum Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)
- •1000 ppm maximum Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE)

(2) Halogen-Free

The International Electrochemical Commission's (IEC) Definition of Halogen-Free (IEC 61249-2-21) compliance

- •900 ppm maximum chlorine
- •900 ppm maximum bromine
- •1500 ppm maximum total chlorine and bromine